

Natural Gas Outlook and Other Things

Presentation to:

2014 Phosphate Spring Conference
Boca Grande, Florida

By:

John Harpole



May 9-10, 2014

Fertilizer Industry vs. Natural Gas Industry



Source: http://www.search.com/reference/Lucy_van_Pelt





The New York Times

April 1, 2014

Worst Is Yet to Come



Los Angeles Times

April 1, 2014

Crop Yields Are Down, Deaths From Heat Are Up





SIERRA
CLUB
FOUNDED 1892

April 2014

“By having a child, an American woman increases her carbon legacy sixfold.”

- Sierraclub.org

The Daily Telegraph

January 22, 2013

David Attenborough: Humans Are Plague on Earth



Prince Philip

Husband of Queen Elizabeth II

“...I am tempted to ask for reincarnation as a particularly deadly virus.”

Forward to “If I Were an Animal”



Worst Earth Day Predictions

Made in 1970

**“CIVILIZATION WILL END
WITHIN 15 OR 30 YEARS
UNLESS IMMEDIATE ACTION IS
TAKEN AGAINST PROBLEMS
FACING MANKIND.”**

- Source: George Wald Harvard Biologist

Worst Earth Day Predictions

Made in 1970

“IN A DECADE, URBAN DWELLERS WILL HAVE TO WEAR GAS MASKS TO SURVIVE AIR POLLUTION... BY 1985 AIR POLLUTION WILL HAVE REDUCED THE AMOUNT OF SUNLIGHT REACHING EARTH BY ONE HALF.”

- Source: Life Magazine

Worst Earth Day Predictions

Made in 1970

“AIR POLLUTION...IS CERTAINLY GOING TO TAKE HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF LIVES IN THE NEXT FEW YEARS ALONE.”

- Source: Paul Ehrlich,
Stanford University Biologist

Worst Earth Day Predictions

Made in 1970

“BY THE YEAR 2000, IF PRESENT TRENDS CONTINUE, WE WILL BE USING UP CRUDE OIL AT SUCH A RATE...THAT THERE WON'T BE ANY MORE CRUDE OIL. YOU'LL DRIVE UP TO THE PUMP AND SAY, 'FILL 'ER UP, BUDDY,' AND HE'LL SAY, 'I AM VERY SORRY, THERE ISN'T ANY.'”

- Source: Kenneth Watt, Ecologist

Worst Earth Day Predictions

Made in 1970

“POPULATION WILL INEVITABLY AND COMPLETELY OUTSTRIP WHATEVER SMALL INCREASES IN FOOD SUPPLIES WE MAKE. THE DEATH RATE WILL INCREASE UNTIL AT LEAST 100-200 MILLION PEOPLE PER YEAR WILL BE STARVING TO DEATH DURING THE NEXT TEN YEARS.”

- Source: Paul Ehrlich,
Stanford University Biologist

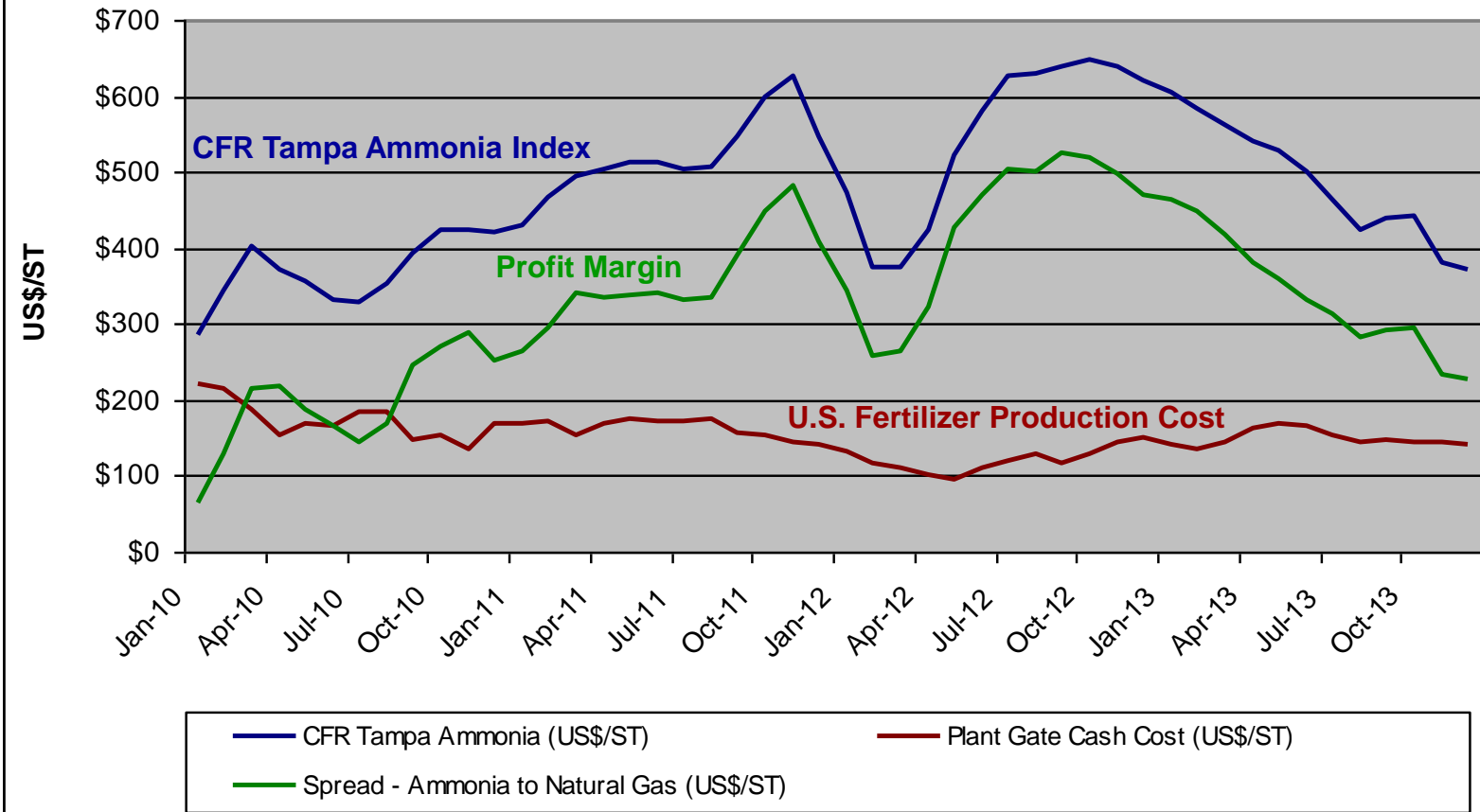
Natural gas – fertilizer - food

- “If we all ate simple vegetarian diets and farmed every acre of arable land as wisely as possible using the best techniques of the late 1800s, the earth could support a population of around 4 billion people. In theory, the other 2 billion-plus inhabitants should be starving, the natural result of population out-stripping food supply, as doomsayers from Thomas Malthus to Paul Ehrlich have long predicted.”

- Thomas Hager

This U.S. energy breakthrough
has positive implications for the
cost of food.

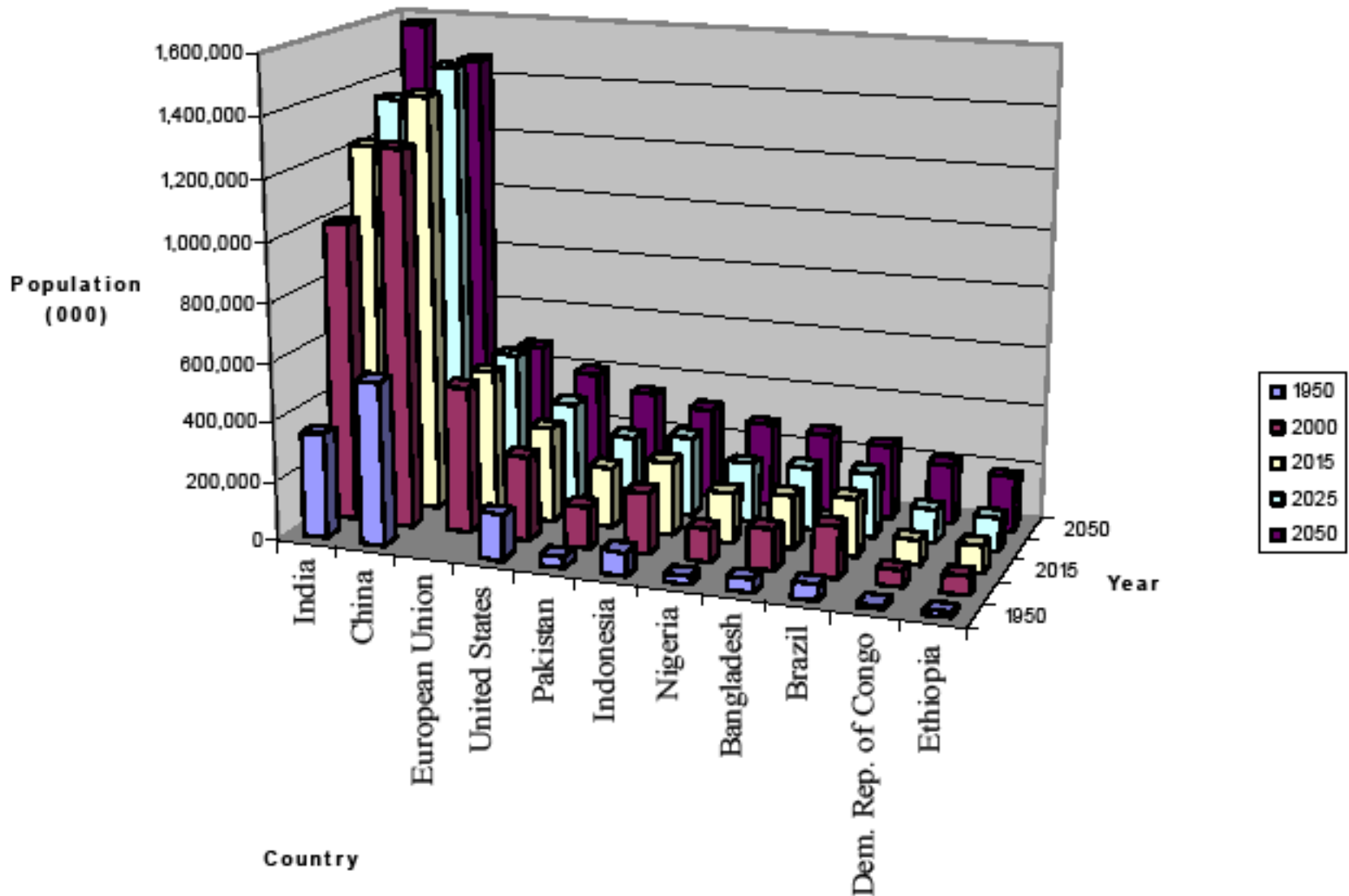
Table 2 - U.S. Fertilizer Profit Margin*



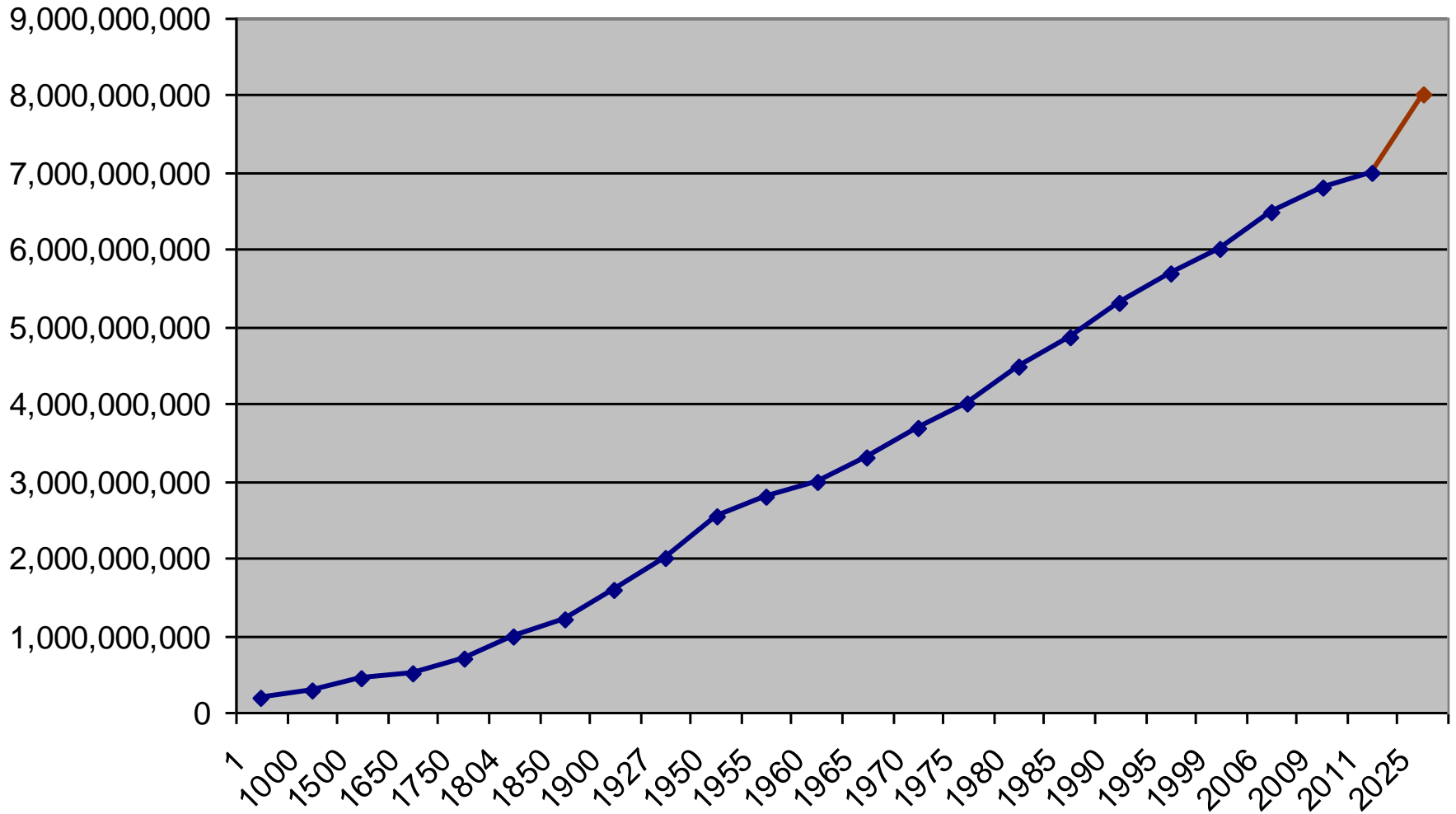
*CFR Tampa Ammonia Index less Plant Gate Cash Cost

Source: Published index information and U.S. fertilizer industry experts

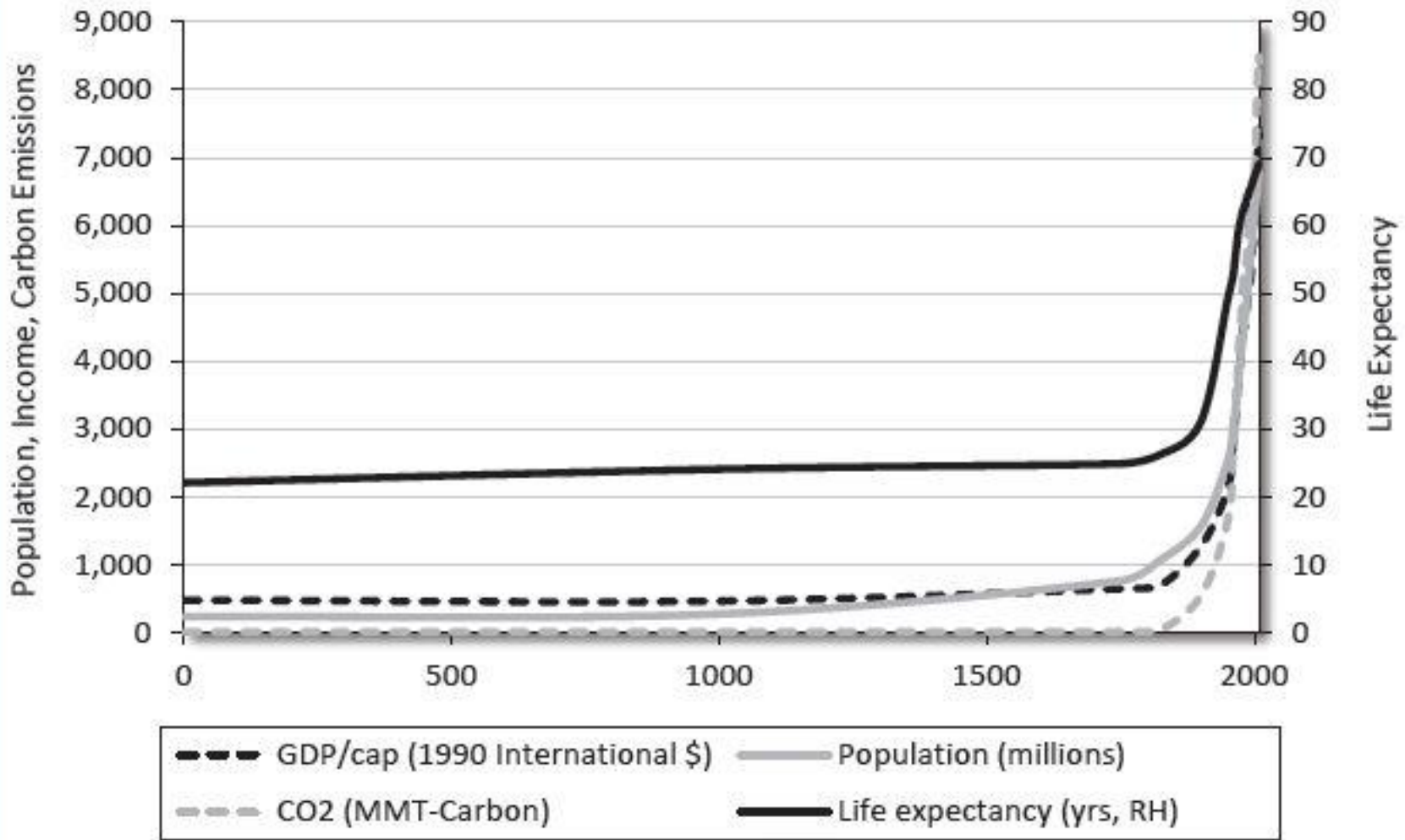
Population Growth from 1950-2050



World Population Growth



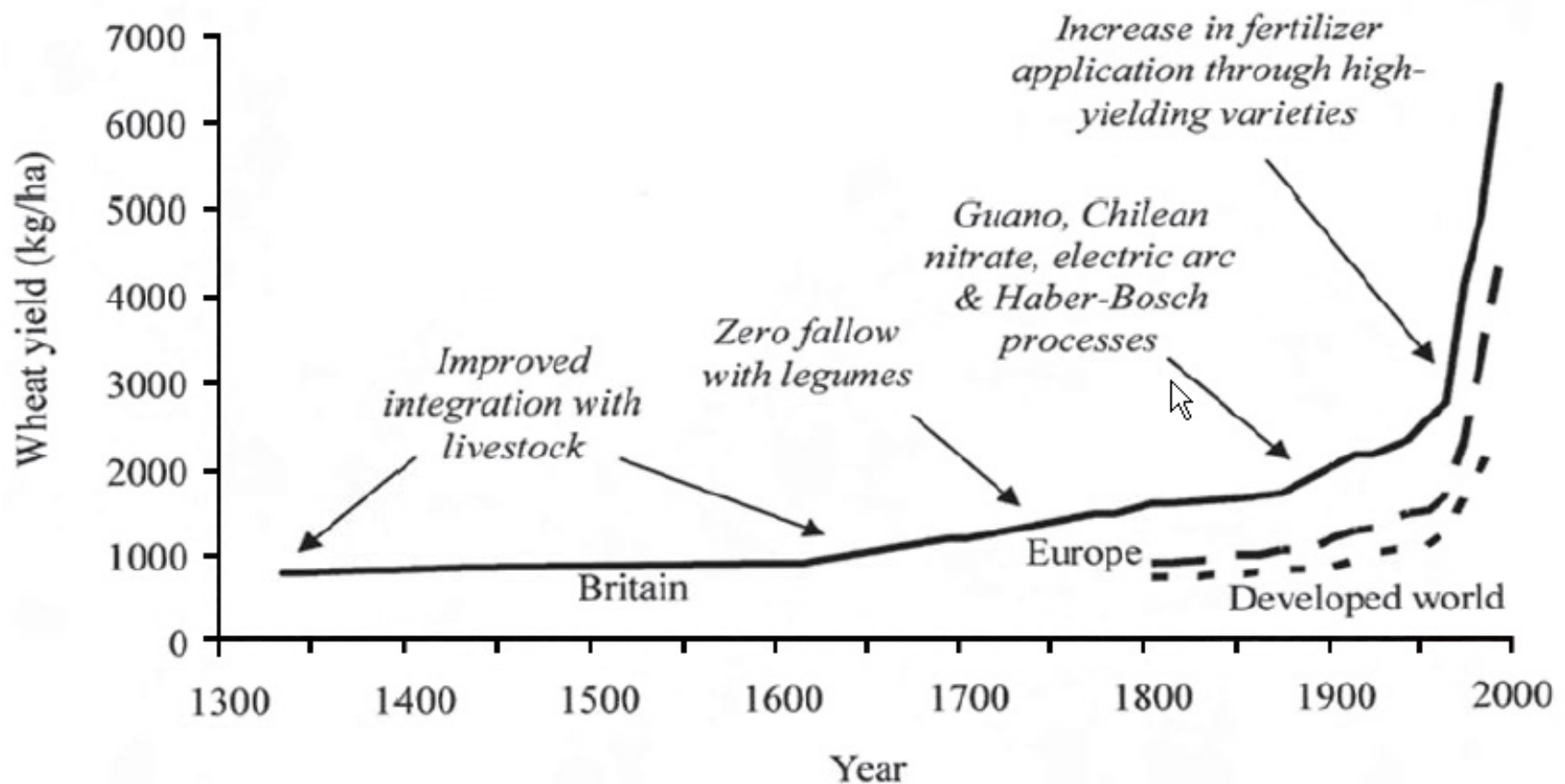
Global Progress, 1 A.D.–2009 A.D. (as indicated by trends in world population, gross domestic product per capita, life expectancy, and carbon dioxide [CO₂] emissions from fossil fuels)



Source: Policy Analysis: *Humanity Unbound: How Fossil Fuels Drove Humanity from Nature and Nature from Humanity*, Indur M. Goklany, December 20, 2012

Figure 3

Wheat Yield in Britain, Europe, and the Developed World, 1300–1990



Source: N. B. J. Koning, et al., "Long-term global availability of food: continued abundance or new scarcity?" *NJAS Wageningen Journal of Life Sciences* 55 (2008): 229–292.

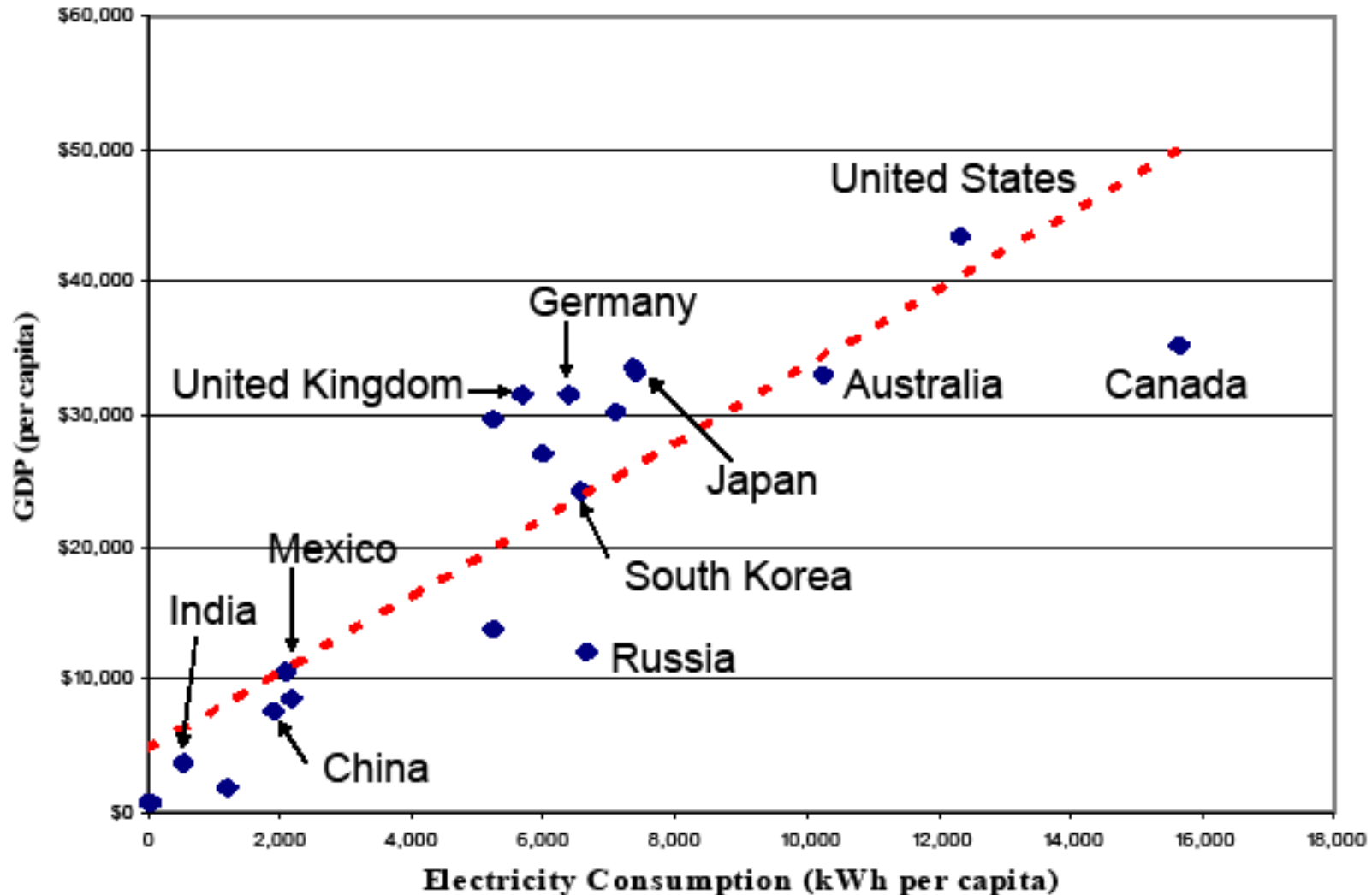
*Britain: Until 1800, England; since 1800, the United Kingdom.

**Europe, excluding Russia.

***The developed world, excluding Japan and South Africa.

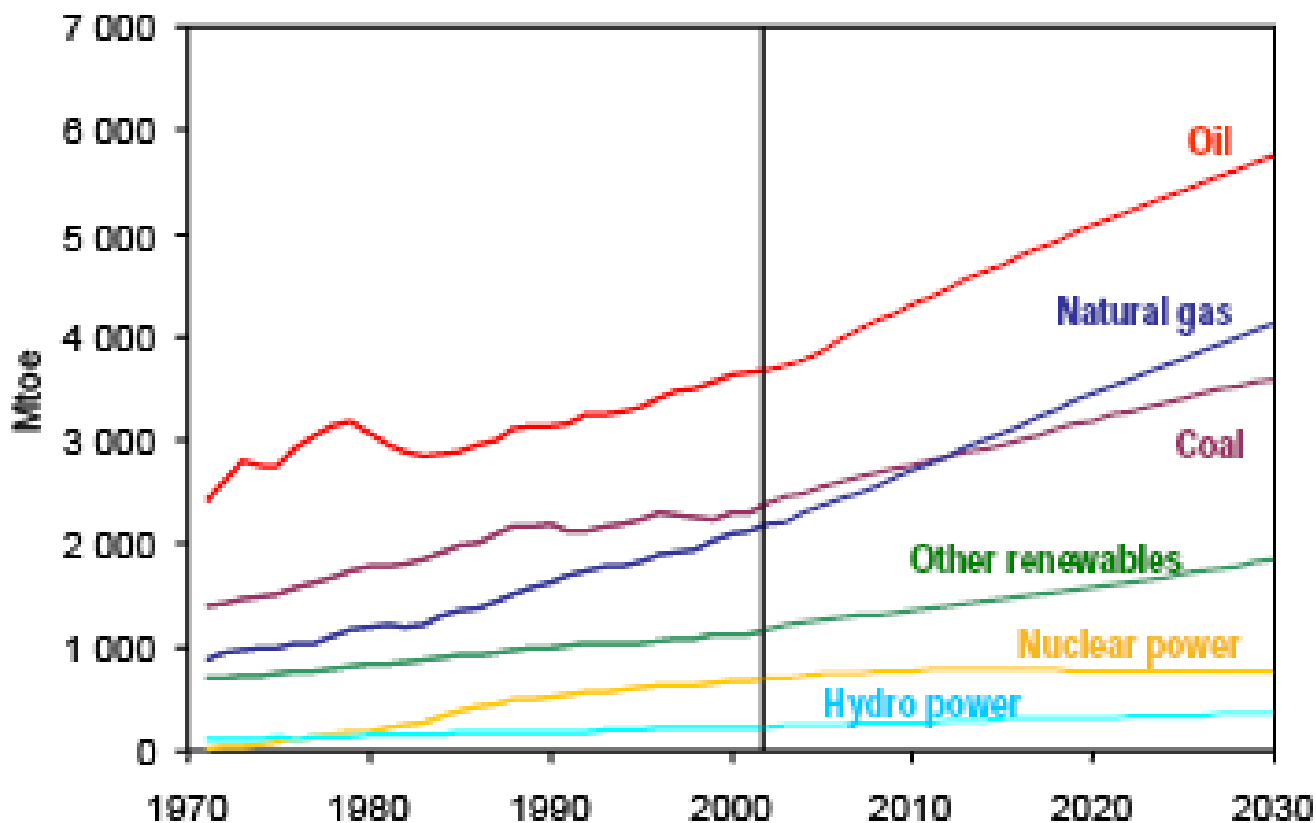
Source: Policy Analysis: *Humanity Unbound: How Fossil Fuels Drove Humanity from Nature and Nature from Humanity*, Indur M. Goklany, December 20, 2012

Quality of Life is Strongly Correlated with Electricity Consumption



Source: CIA World Factbook, 2007

World Primary Energy Demand



Fossil fuels account for almost 90% of the growth in energy demand between now and 2030

WORLD
ENERGY
OUTLOOK

INTERNATIONAL
ENERGY AGENCY



Sustainability?

- Sustainability is the balance between “too many people and too few resources”
- It is the fundamental presumption by the UN in any population growth model for the world, and also in climate change arguments.
- “Fighting Climate Change With Family Planning”
- What if energy became “super-abundant”?
- The case for natural gas.



Natural Gas 101

Patience please...

Natural Gas Conversions

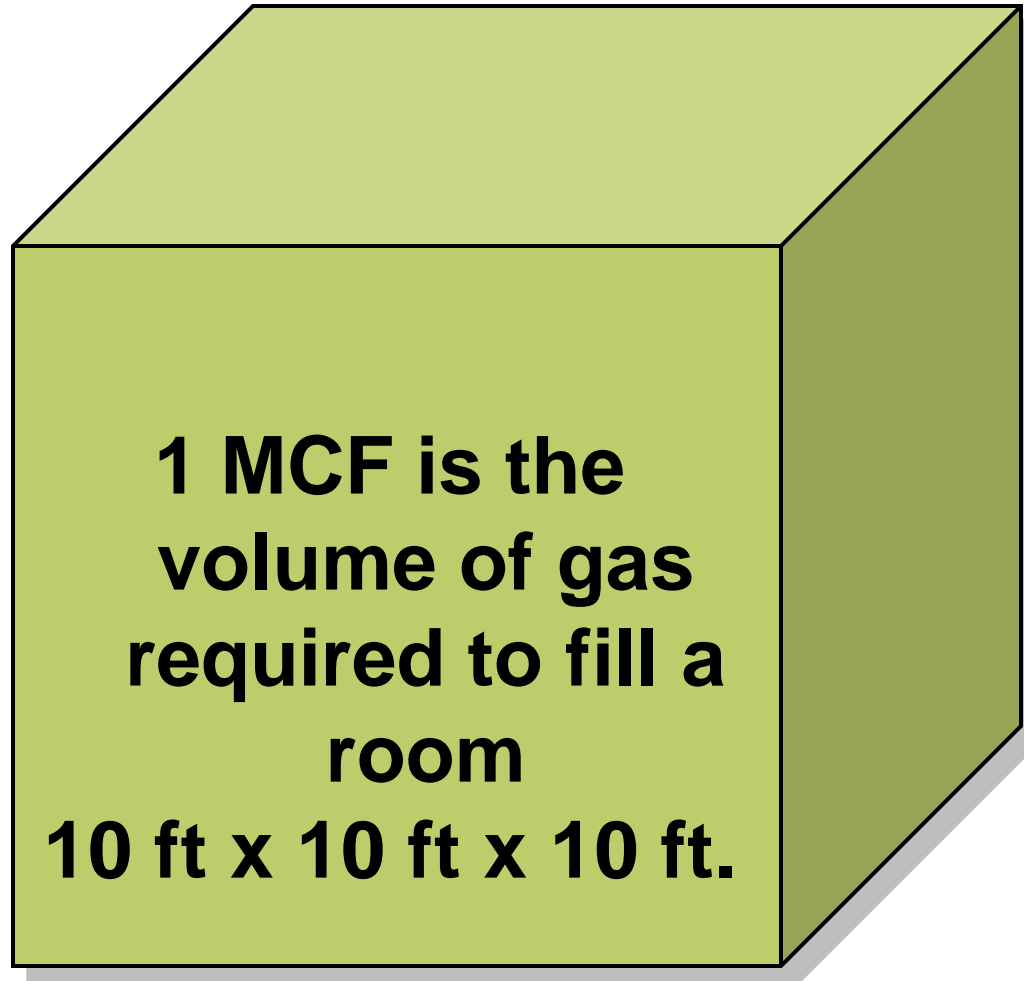
1 CF = 1 cubic foot

1000 cubic feet = 1 MCF

1 dekatherm = 10 therms

1 MCF = 1 MMBTU = 1 dekatherm
(roughly)

Volume in Reality



Perspective: Residential Gas Usage



In a single year, the average US home uses 84 MCF of natural gas.

Source: Natural Gas Supply Association

Natural Gas Volumes: A Perspective

- 1 MCF is the volume of gas required to fill a 10'x10'x10' room
- 1 MCF = 1 Dekatherm, 1 Dekatherm = 10 Therms = 1MMBtu
- 84 MCF is the volume of gas the avg. US home uses per year
- 2.1 BCF/Day is the peak-day demand along the front range of Colorado

Natural Gas Volumes: A Perspective (cont'd)

- 1 BCF is the volume of gas an average Western Colorado well will produce over its lifetime (In heat content, 1 BCF is equal to the amount of energy found in a swath of wooded natural forest 800 feet wide by 120 miles long.)
- 3 BCF is the volume of gas contained in 1 LNG Tanker, which is enough to heat approximately 35,000 homes for one year.

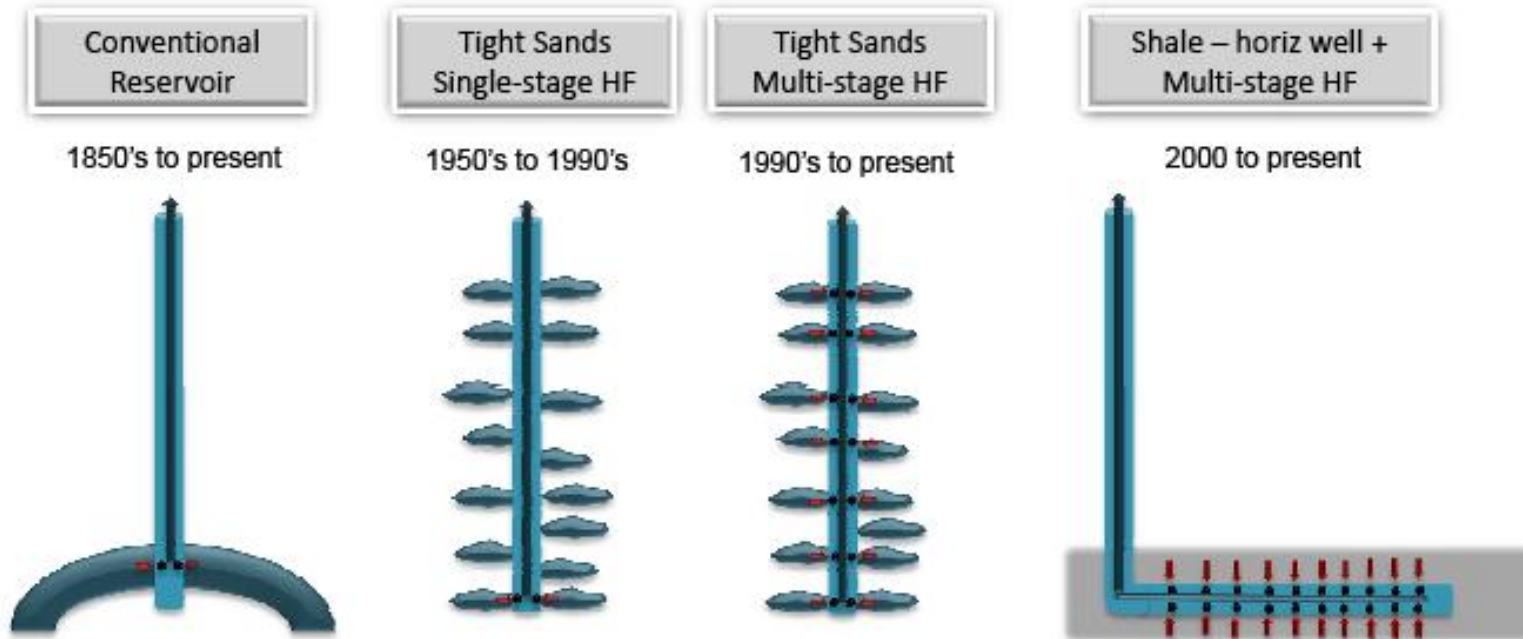
Natural Gas Volumes: A Perspective (cont'd)

- 8 BCF is the avg. daily amt. of natural gas consumed in California
- 2.6 BCF is the peak day demand in New York City
- 4.09 BCF per day production from 3 Pennsylvania counties (Marcellus)
- 7 BCF per day potential incremental fertilizer and chemical plant demand in U.S.
- 2008 U.S. Shale gas resource: 347 TCF
- 2013 U.S. Shale gas resource: 1,073 TCF

Natural Gas Volumes: A Perspective (cont'd)

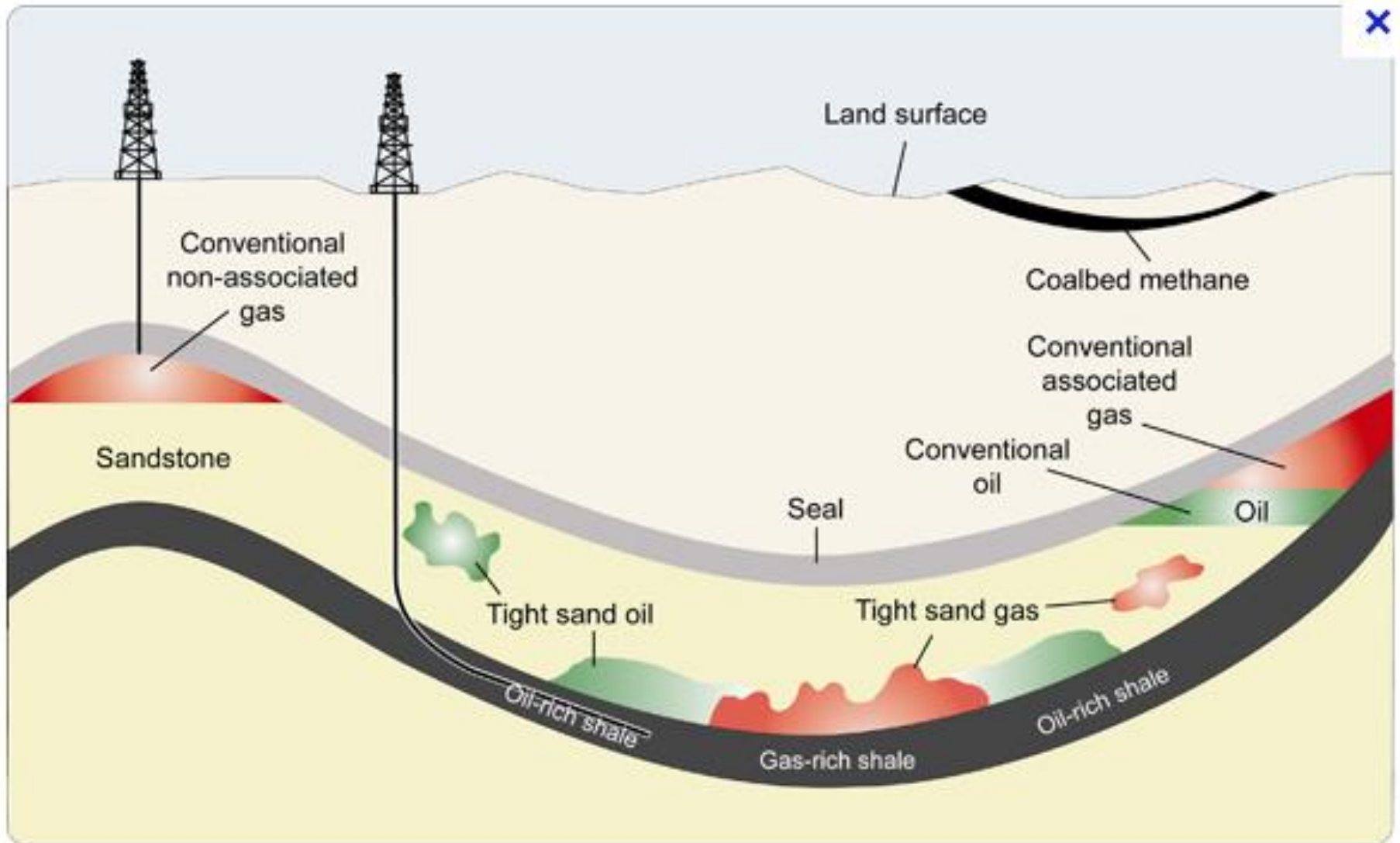
- 18.7 TCF EU's 28 member countries natural gas consumption in 2013
- 23 TCF Annual U.S. natural gas usage
- 29 TCF Noble Energy natural gas reserves, offshore Israel
- 70 TCF Anadarko natural gas reserves, offshore Mozambique
- 2,688 TCF Future U.S. gas supply estimate (48 year record) 2013 estimate

EVOLUTION IN GAS WELL COMPLETION TECHNOLOGY - THE KEY TO TODAY'S NATURAL GAS REVOLUTION



Multi-stage hydraulic fracture stimulation (HF)
unlocks gas in unconventional reservoirs

Conventional vs Unconventional Reservoirs



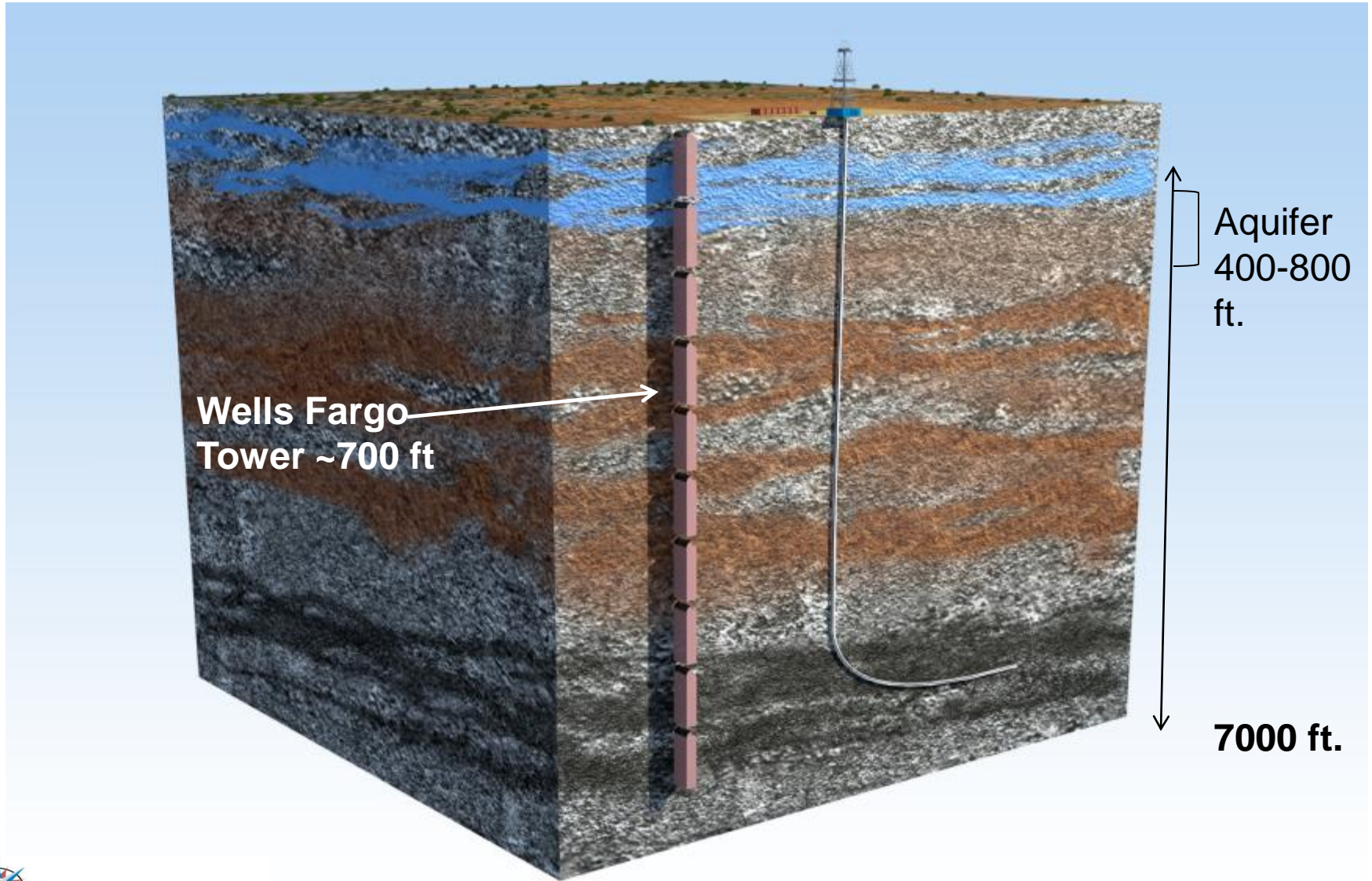
Source: Chris Wright, Liberty Resources Tuesday Lunch Club Presentation, 3/5/13

Fracture Treatment in 1949

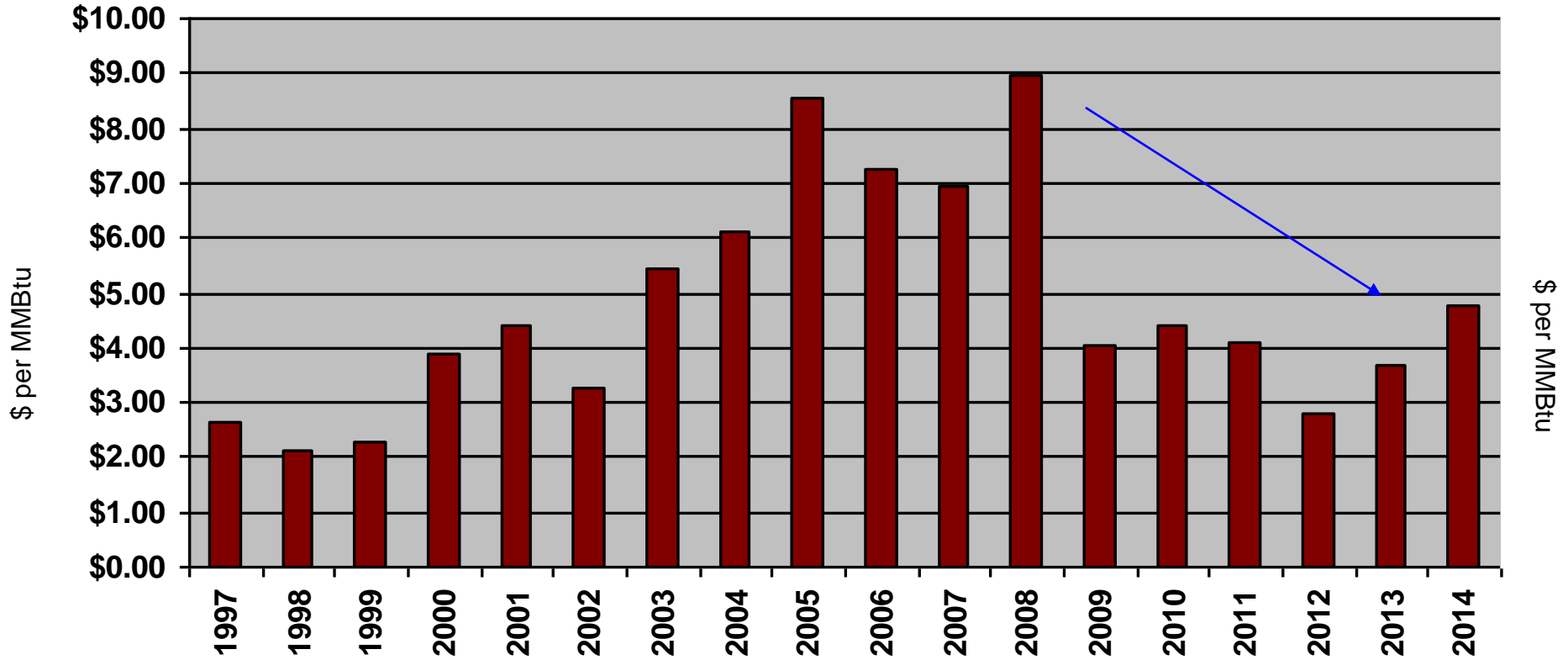


12 Miles East of Duncan, OK

Drilling Distance



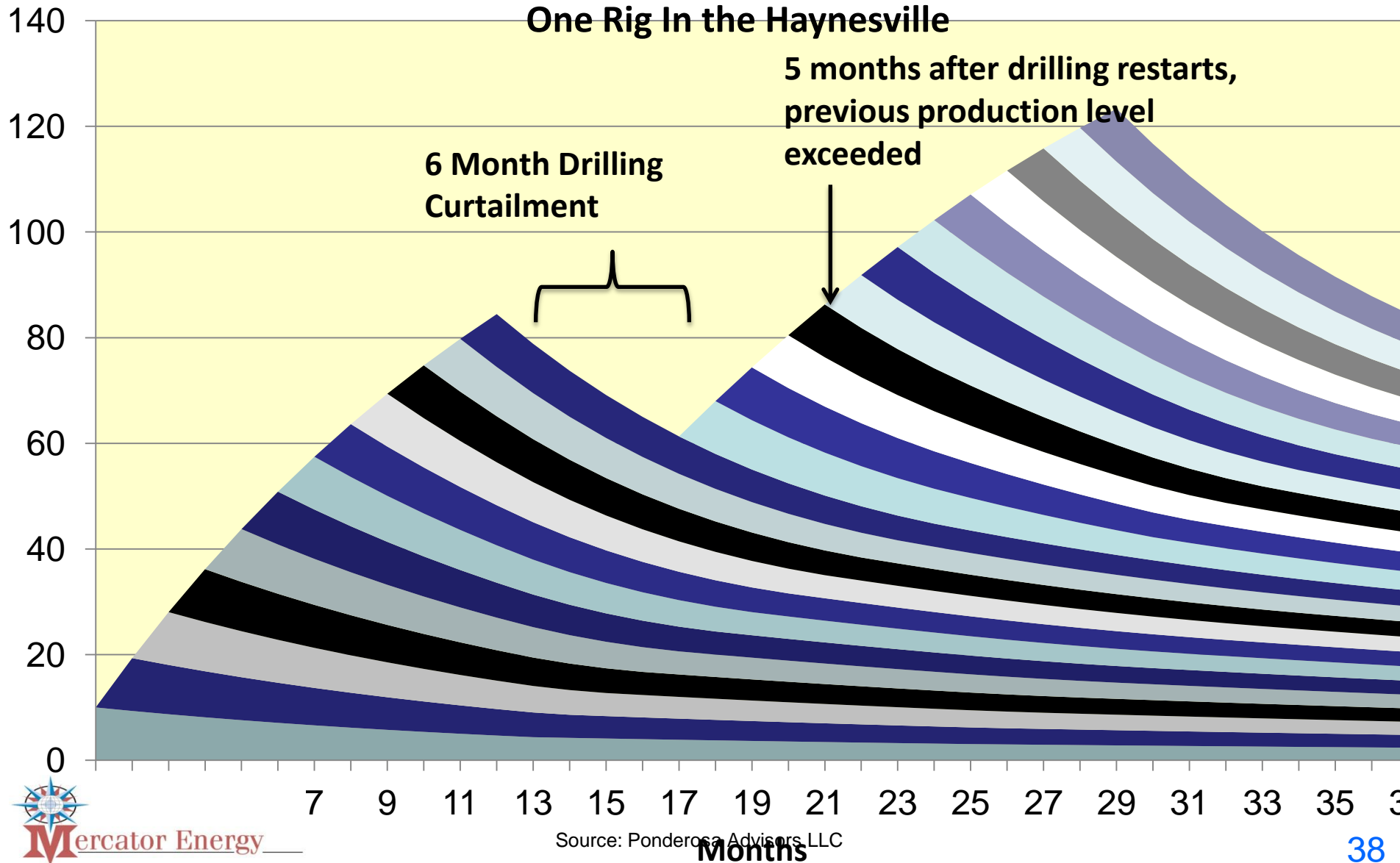
NYMEX Henry Hub Natural Gas Price* 1996 - 2014 Actual



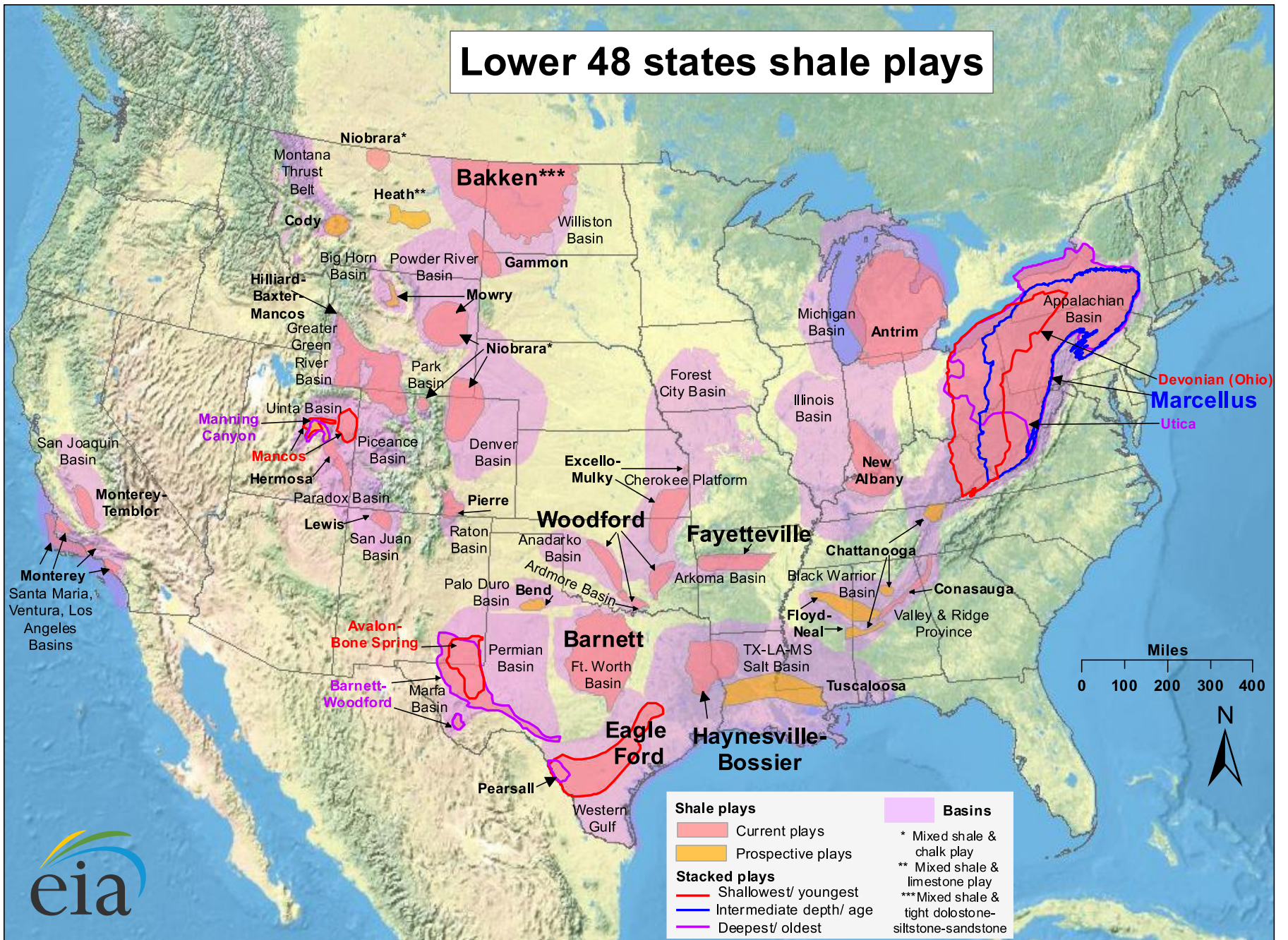
Source: *Average of last three days of trading as published in the Platts Gas Daily Report

Source: *Average of last three days of trading as published in the Platts Gas Daily Report

The "Ferrari" Affect Substantially Reduces The Likelihood Of Price Spikes



Lower 48 states shale plays



Source: Energy Information Administration based on data from various published studies. Updated: May 9, 2011

Forecasts for Shale Gas Resource?

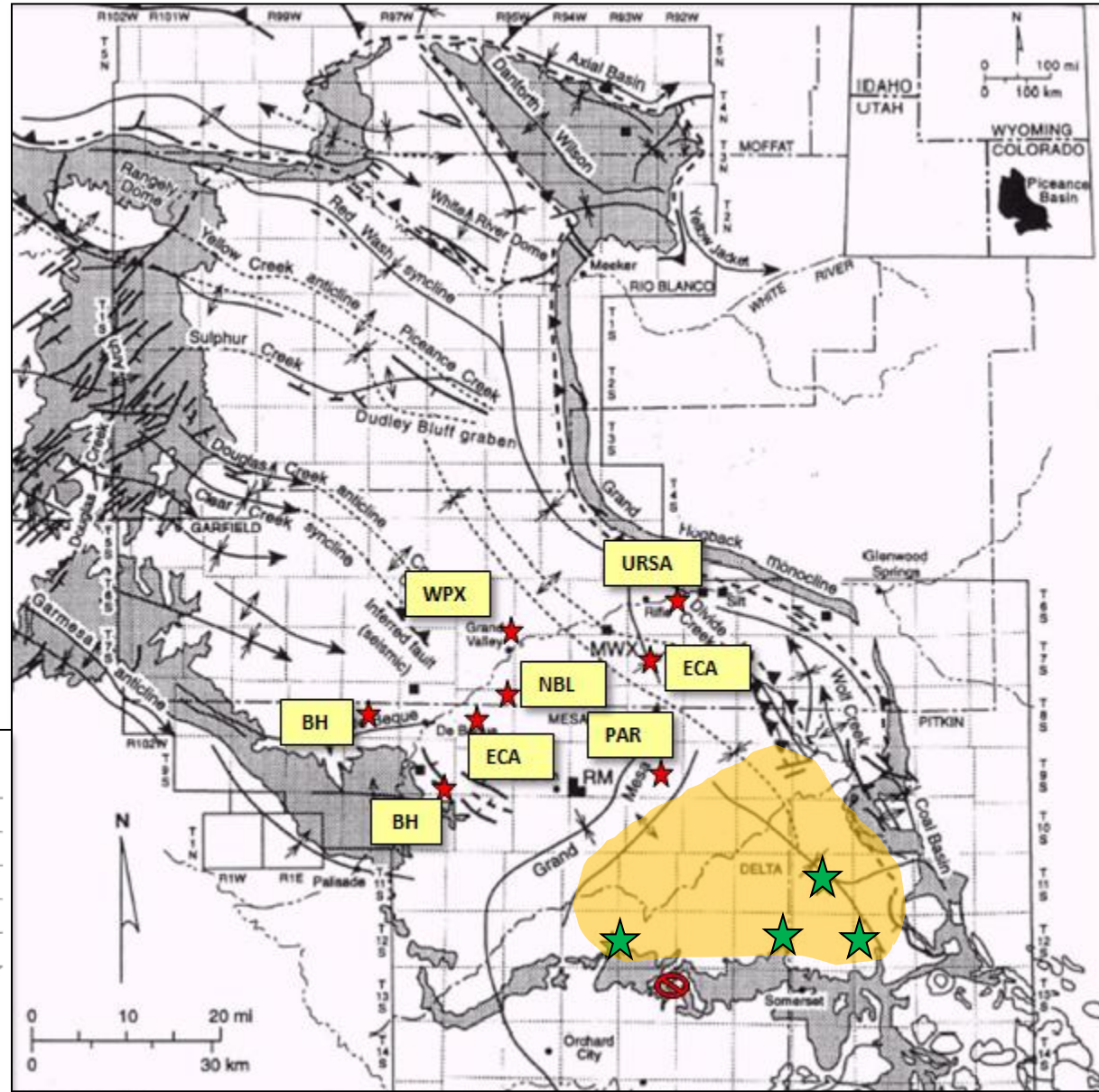
- 2008 - **347 TCF** - Energy Information Administration (EIA)
- 2008 - **840 TCF** - Navigant for Clean Skies Foundation
- 2009 - **616 TCF** - Potential Gas Committee (PGC)
- 2011 - **827 TCF** - Energy Information Administration (EIA)
- 2013 – **1,073 TCF** - Potential Gas Committee (PGC)

Source: Various resource estimates

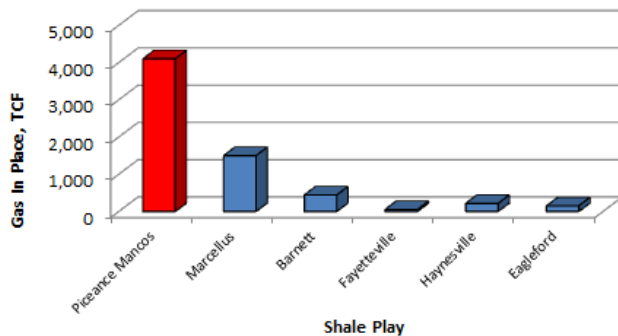
Mancos Shale Gas Resource Play

An Emerging Giant:

- ~3X larger than the Marcellus shale deposit
- Thickness of 2,200 to 4,000ft vs. Marcellus ~ 200ft.
- Massive GIP - > 4,000 TCF vs. Marcellus - > 1,000 TCF
- Very thick, gas-saturated shale deposit
- Deposited across a large area, >3.9 Million acres
- Proven productive across the Piceance Basin

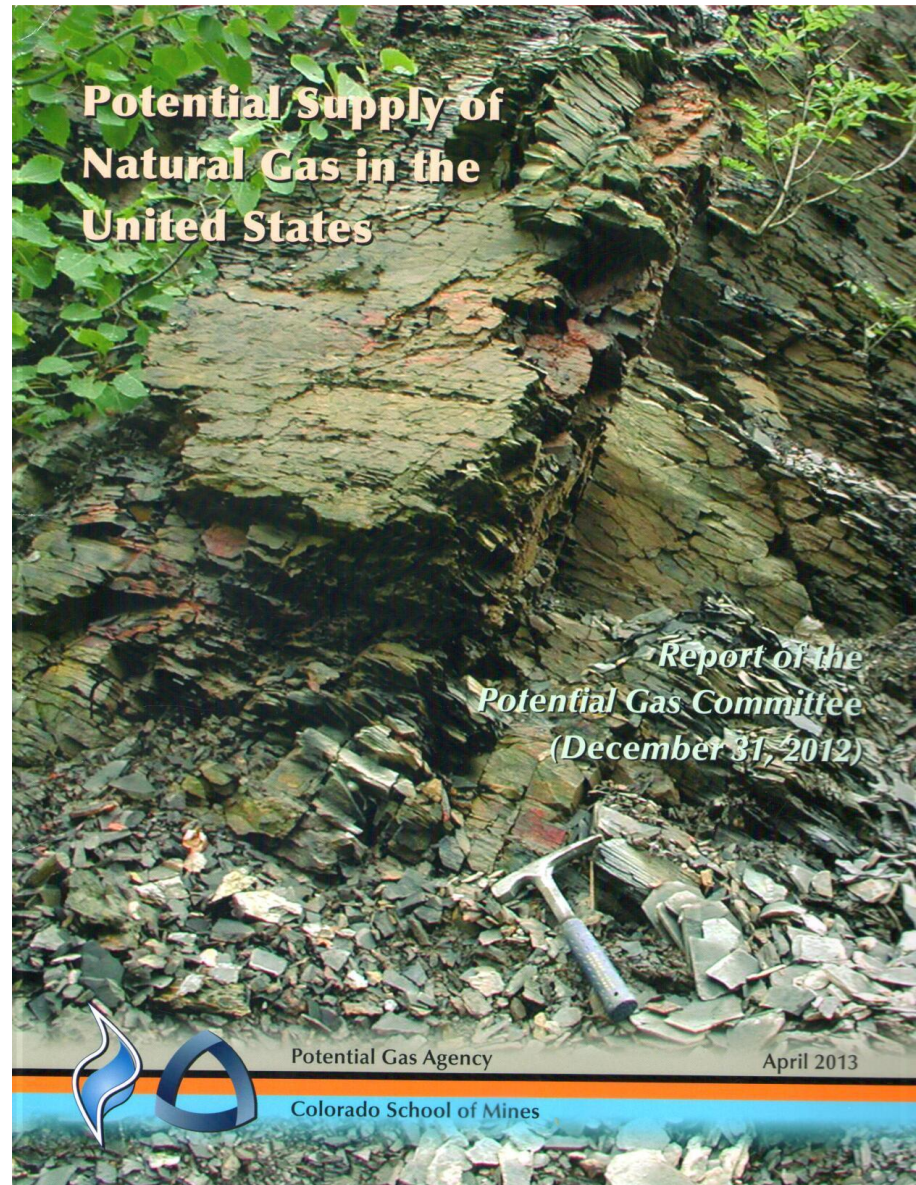


US Major Shale Plays Gas In Place



PGC Report Released April 2013

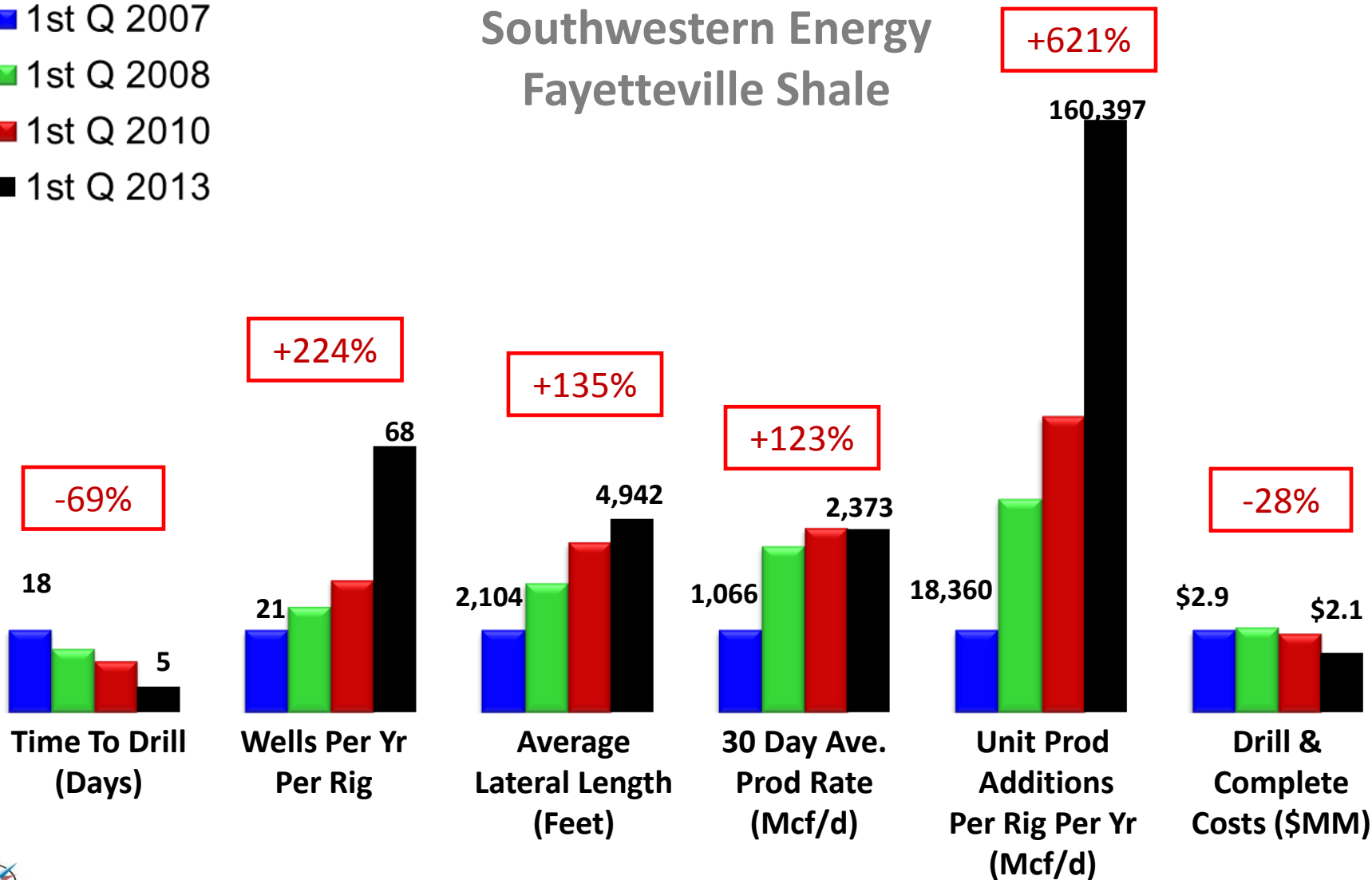
The Mancos
Shale play was
not included in
the PGC Report



Drilling Rig Productivity Continues To Improve

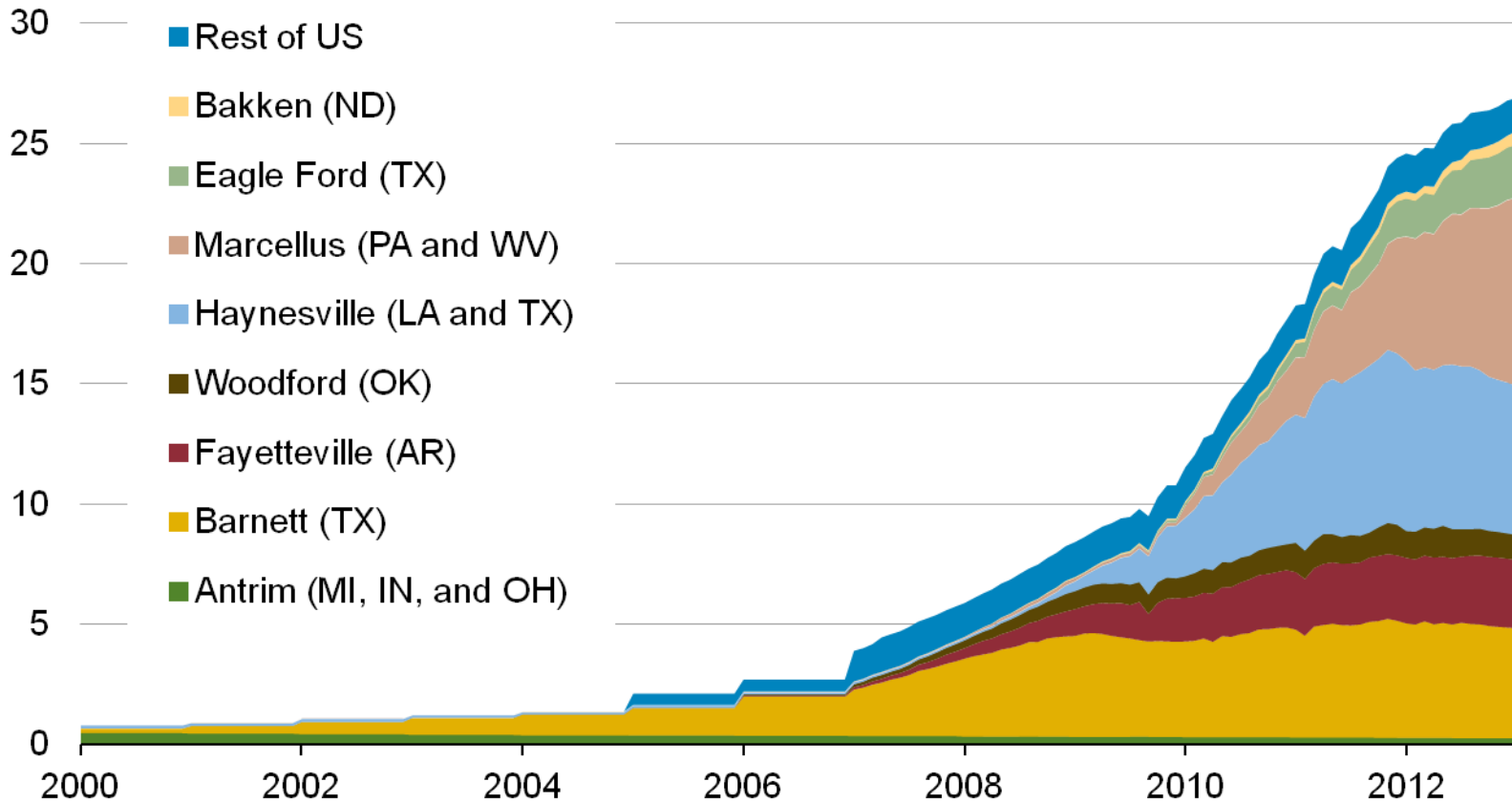
- 1st Q 2007
- 1st Q 2008
- 1st Q 2010
- 1st Q 2013

Southwestern Energy Fayetteville Shale



Domestic production of shale gas has grown dramatically over the past few years

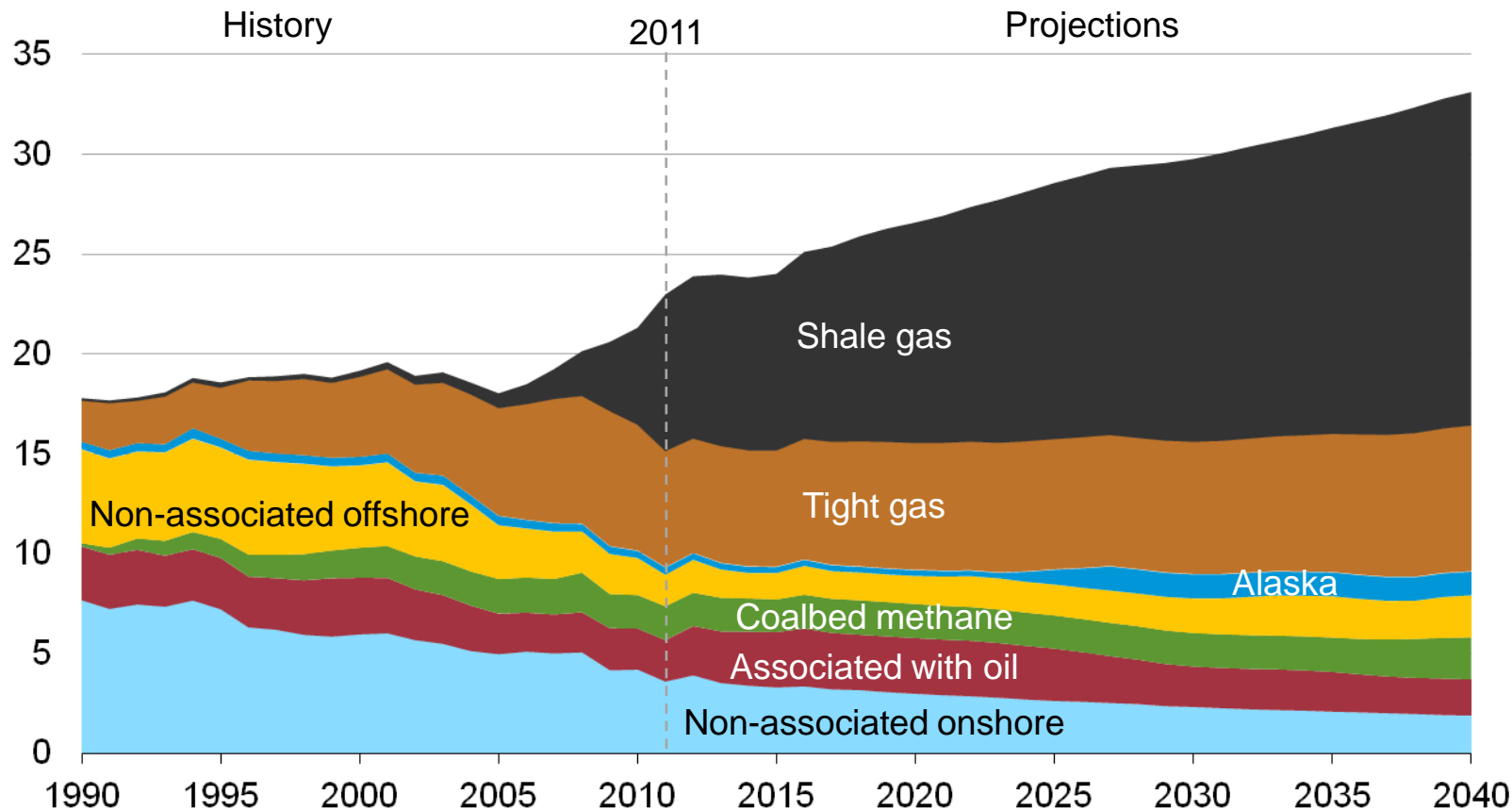
shale gas production (dry)
billion cubic feet per day



Sources: LCI Energy Insight gross withdrawal estimates as of January 2013 and converted to dry production estimates with EIA-calculated average gross-to-dry shrinkage factors by state and/or shale play.

Shale gas leads growth in total gas production through 2040

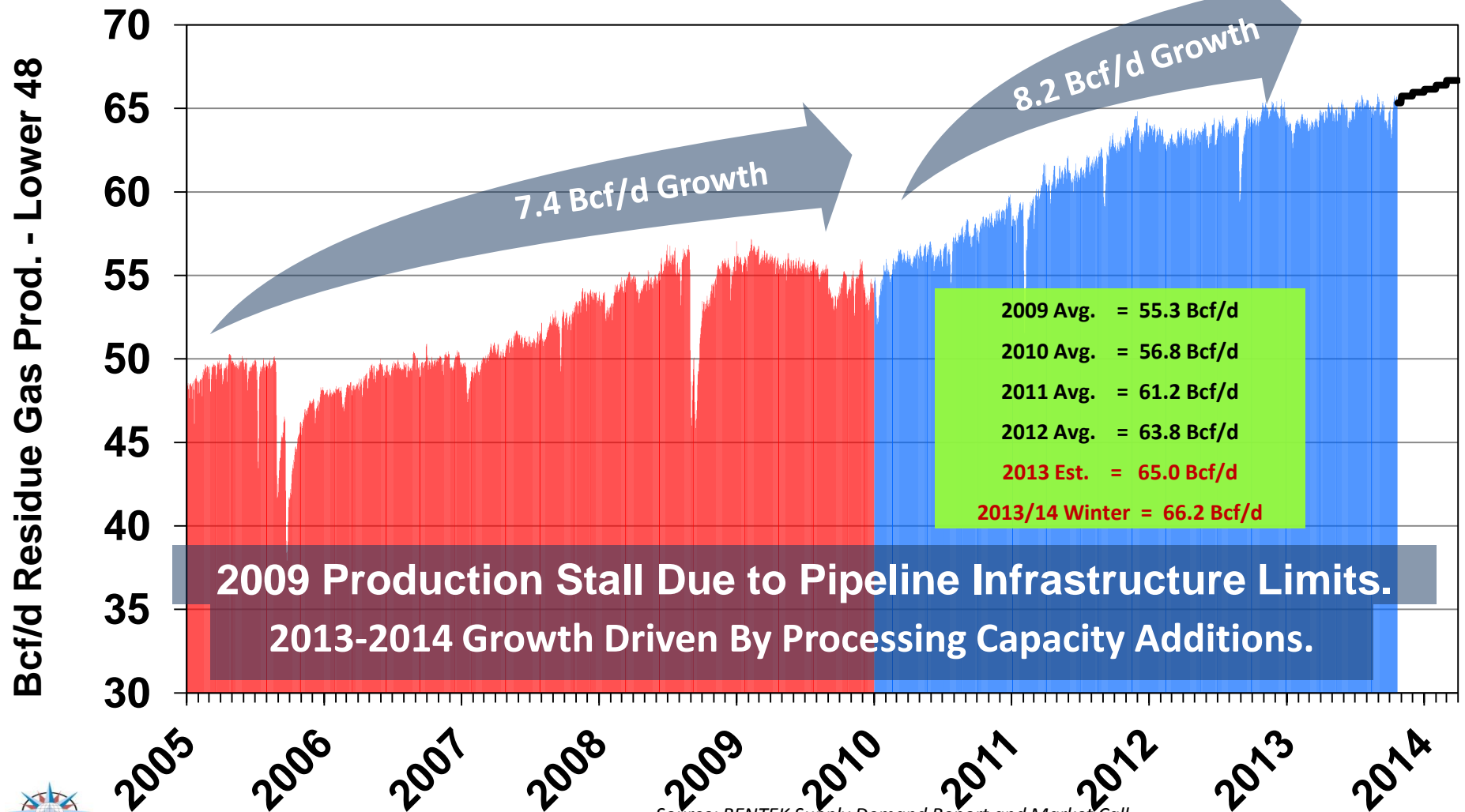
U.S. dry natural gas production
trillion cubic feet



Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2013 Early Release

Growth spurts in U.S. Natural Gas Production

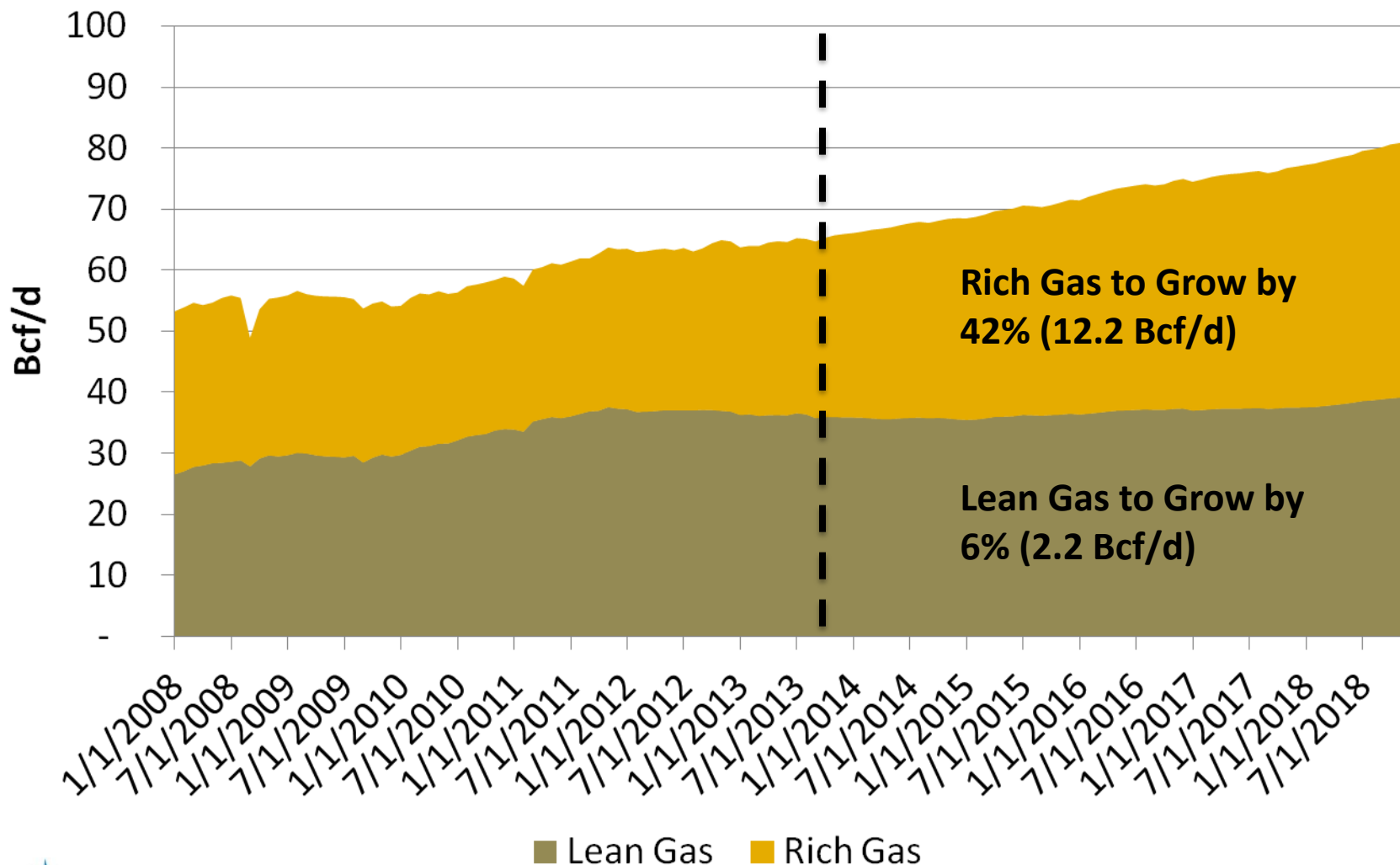
Current U.S. Gas Production Levels At All Time Highs



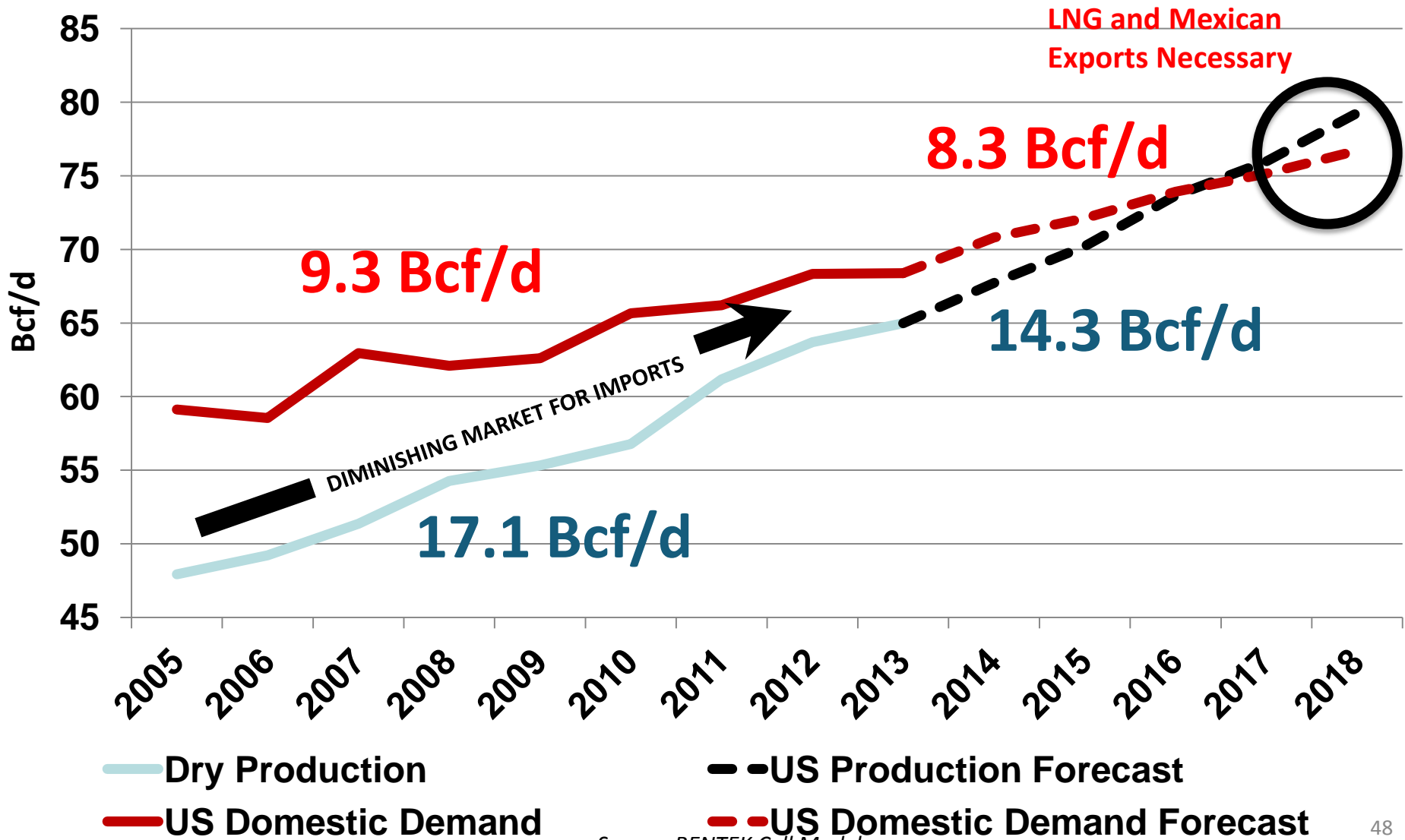
Source: BENTEK Supply Demand Report and Market Call

Rich Gas Production Leading Growth Expectations

US Gas Production Forecast by Gas Type



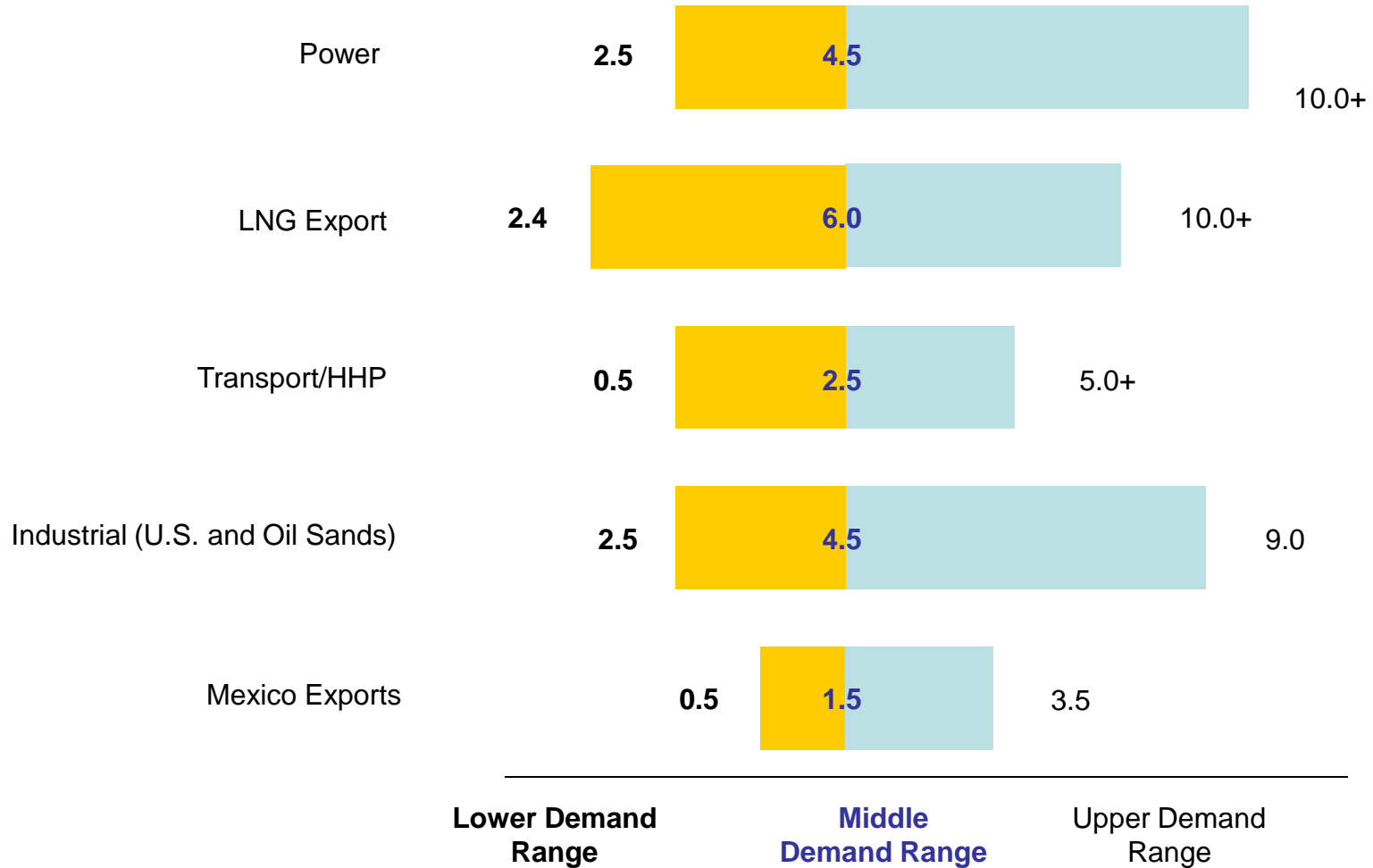
Growth in Domestic Demand Not Enough: Exports Needed U.S. Supply/Demand Balance



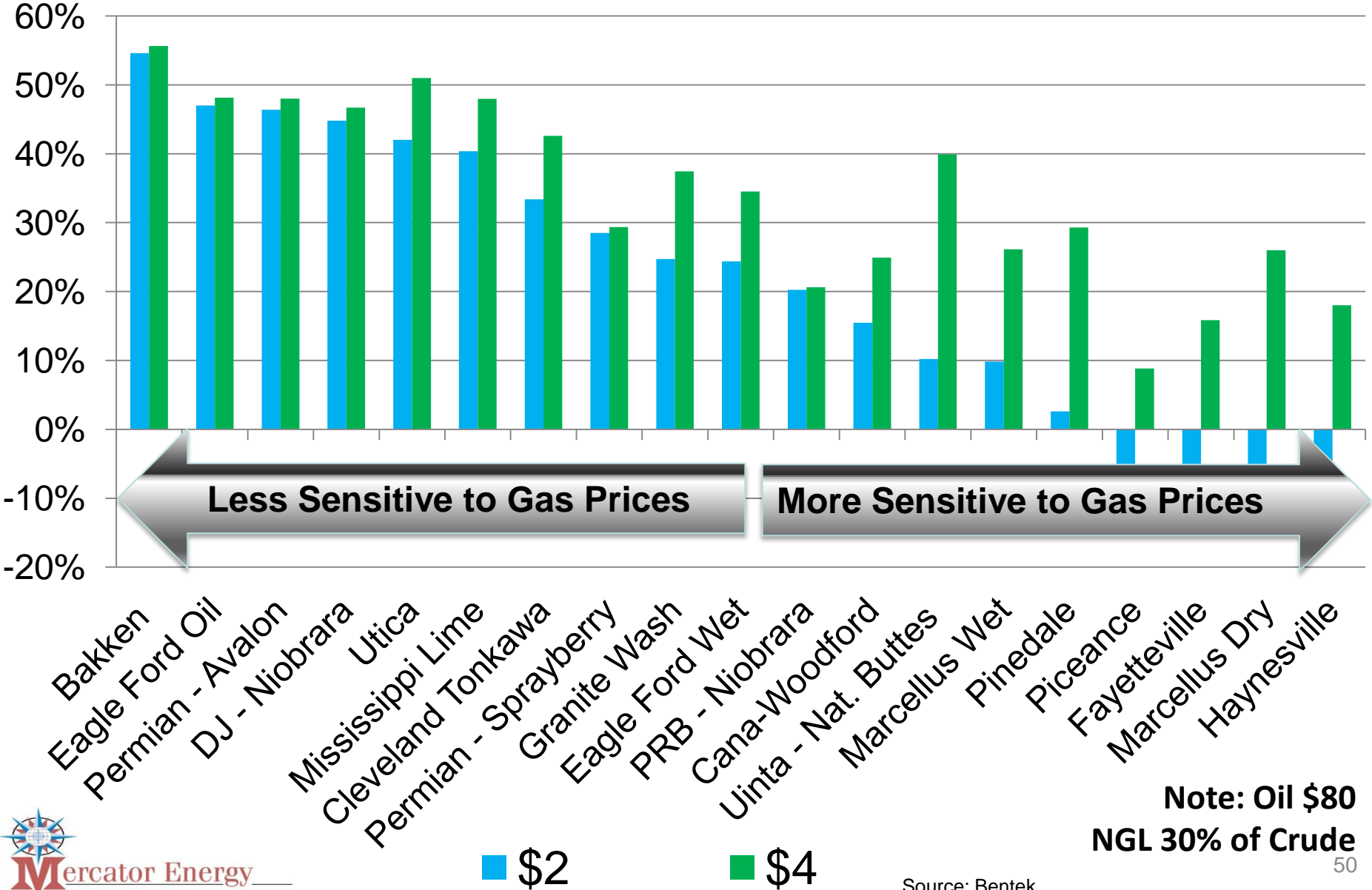
Source: BENTEK Cell Model

North American Natural Gas Demand Ranges by Selected Sector

Significant demand growth is possible in the LNG, transportation/HHP and power sectors through 2020.

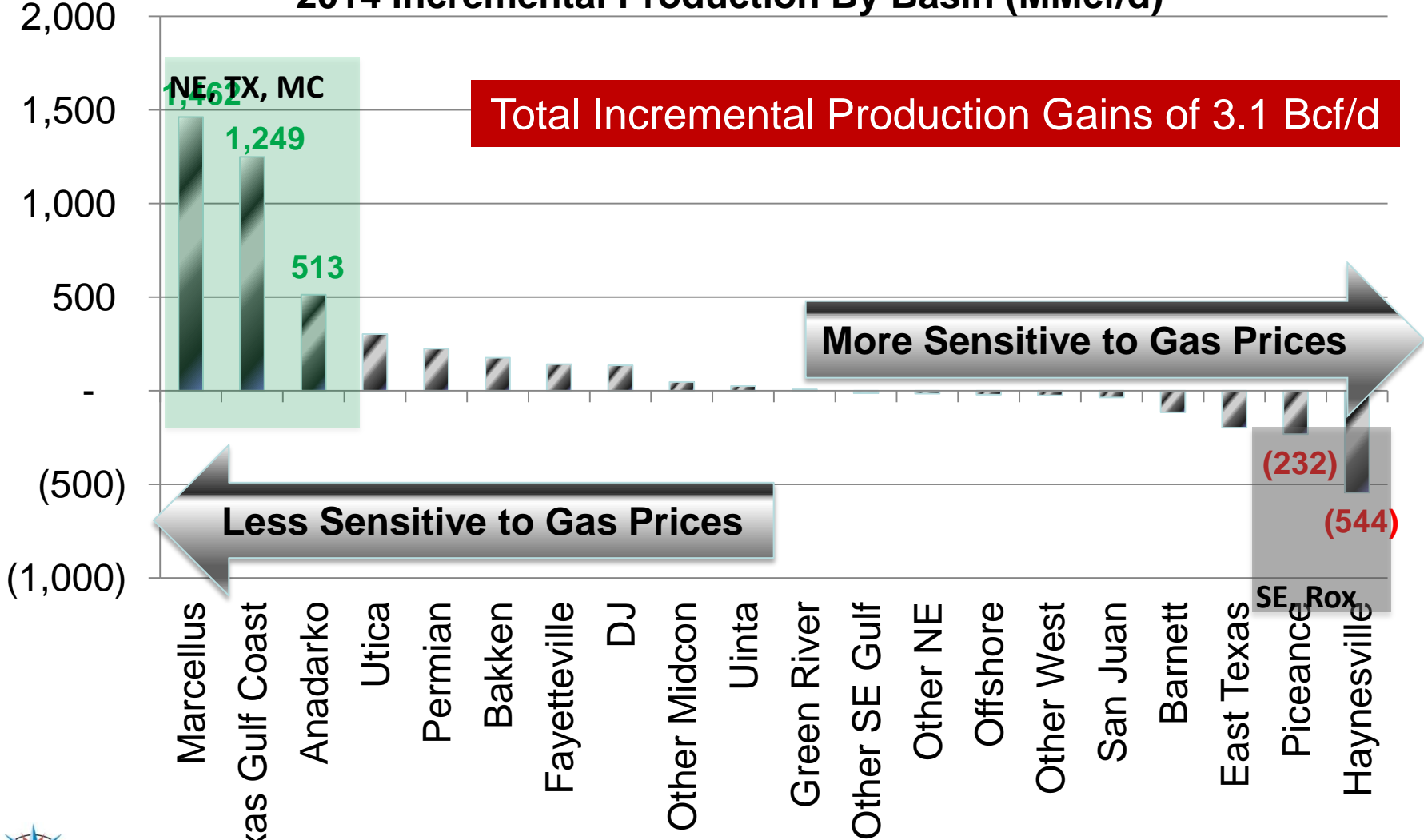


Diverse Hydrocarbon Mix Maintains Gas Production



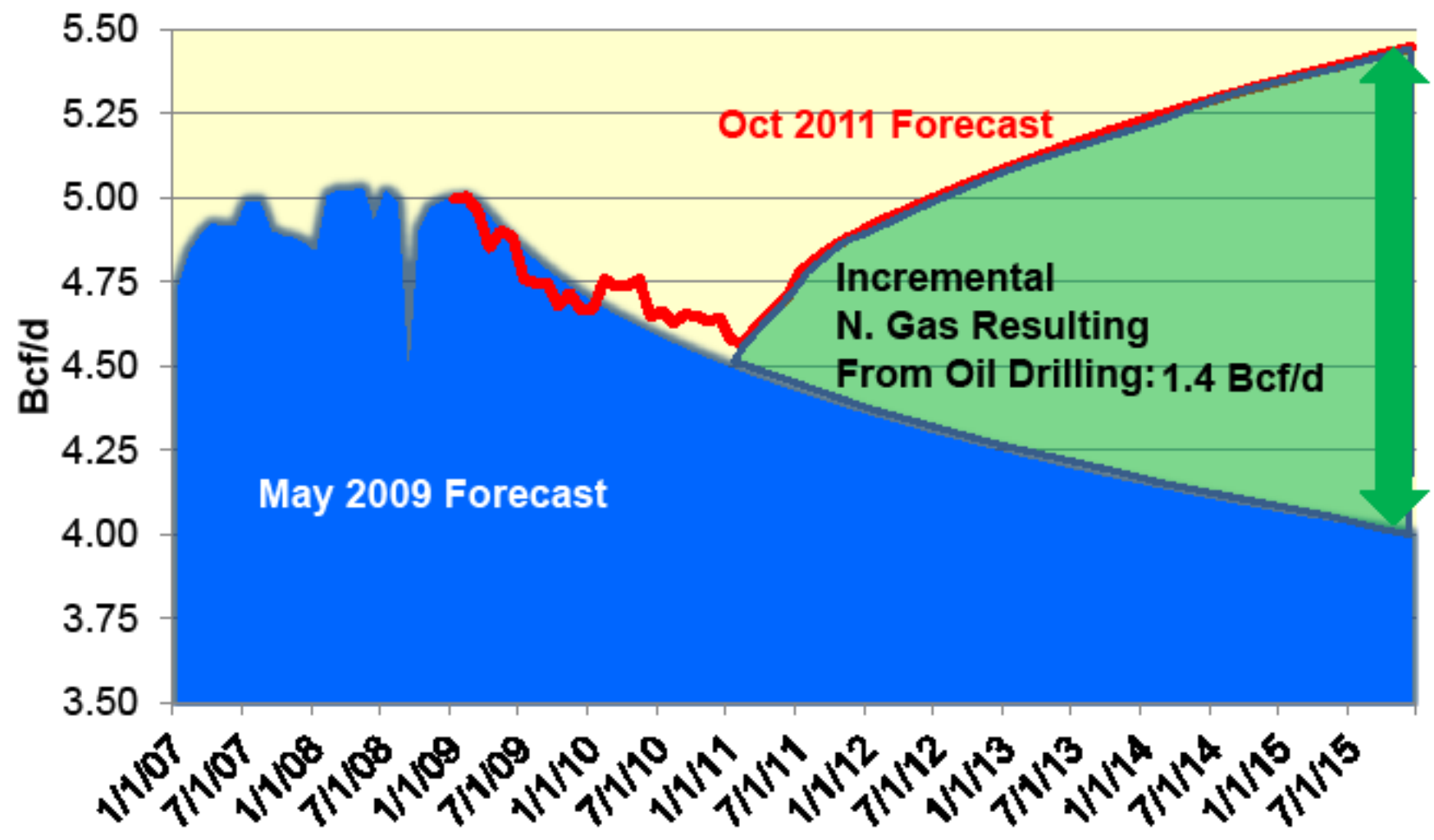
Diverse Hydrocarbon Mix Maintains Gas Production

2014 Incremental Production By Basin (MMcf/d)

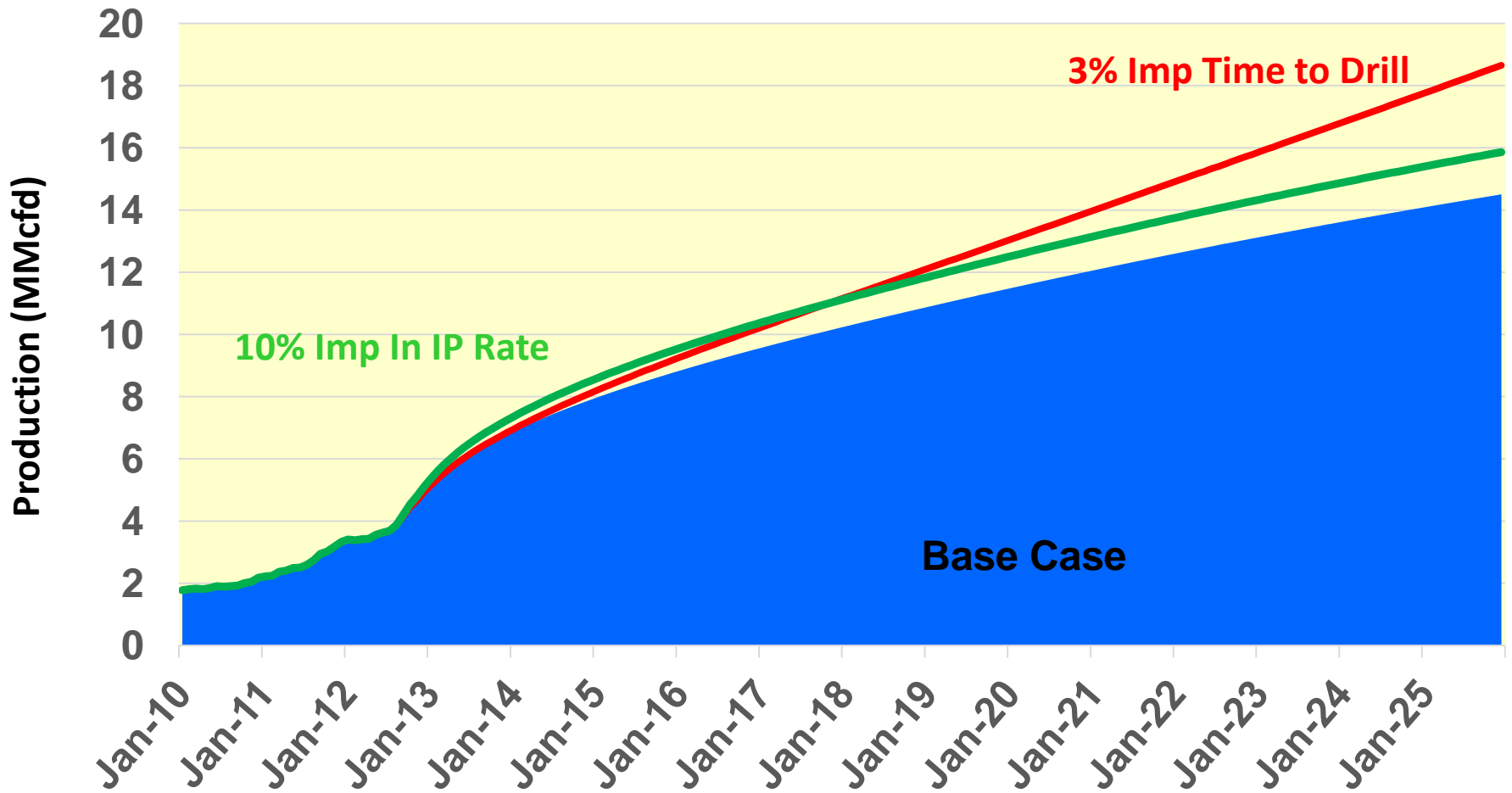


Ironically, Oil & Liquids Exploration Drives Gas Production

Actual & Projected Permian Basin Wet Production

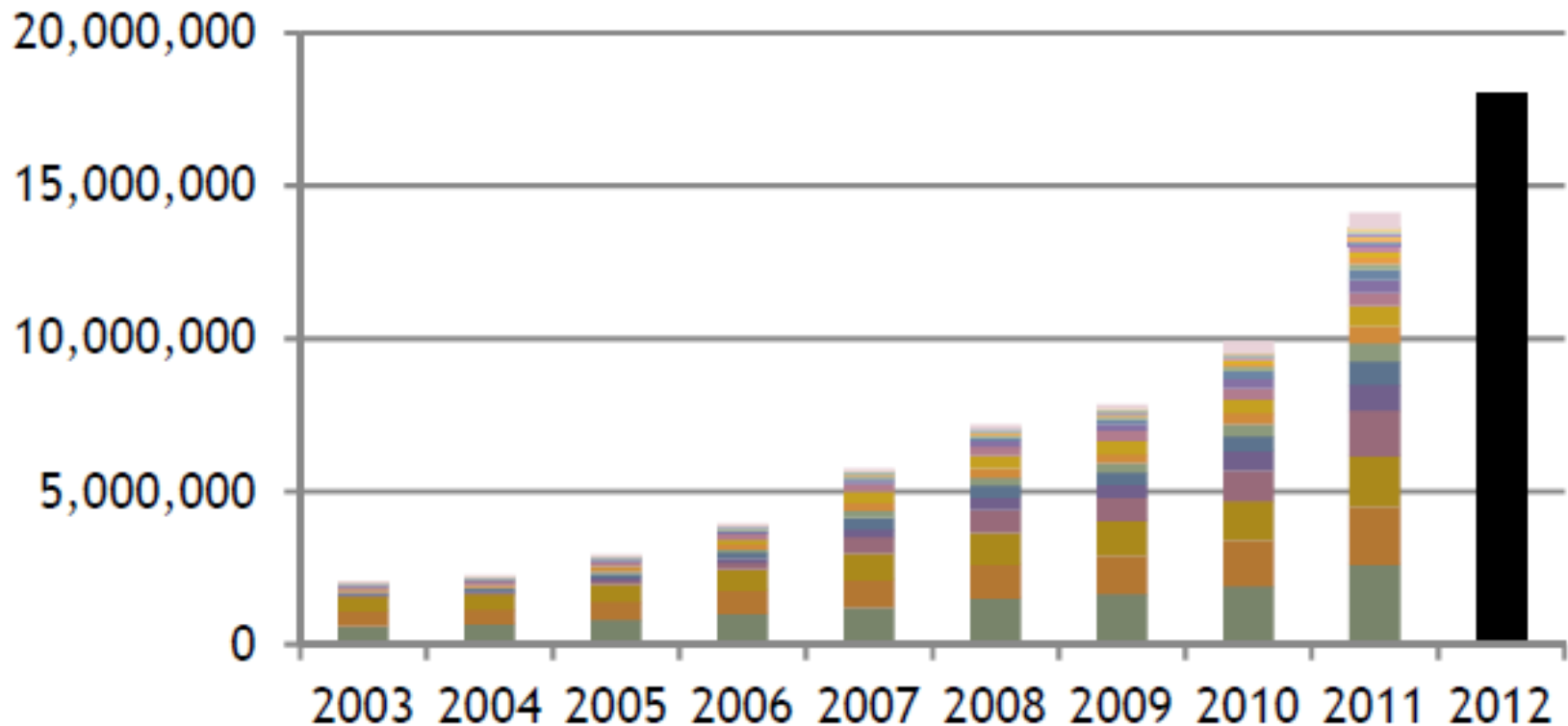


Faster Drilling Times Yield More Wells, More Production



Fracturing Application Exploded

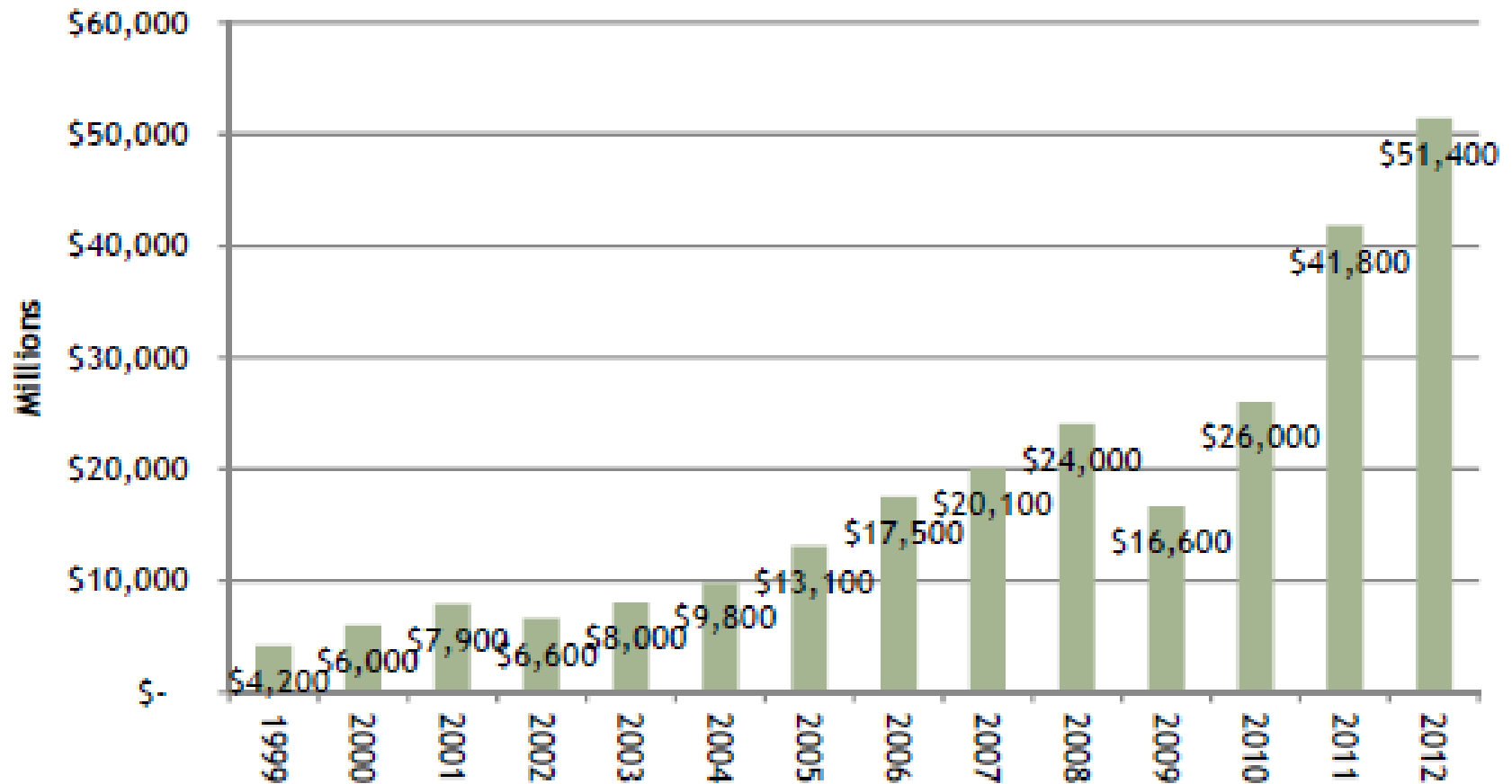
North American Frac Horsepower



Source: Chris Wright, Liberty Resources Tuesday Lunch Club Presentation, 3/5/13

10-fold growth in 10 years

Pressure Pumping Services



Source: Chris Wright, Liberty Resources Tuesday Lunch Club Presentation, 3/5/13

This U.S. energy breakthrough
has international implications.

Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions

	Natural Gas	Coal
Carbon Dioxide	117,000	208,000
Carbon Monoxide	40	208
Nitrogen Oxide	92	457
Sulfur Dioxide	0.6	2,591
Particulates	7	2,744
Formaldehyde	0.750	0.221
Mercury	0.000	0.016

Source: EIA – Natural Gas Issues and Trends

Pounds of air pollutants produced per billion Btu energy

Harpoles In China: 2010 & 2012











ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF COAL

2008

For Educational Purposes Only - Copyrighted

2013



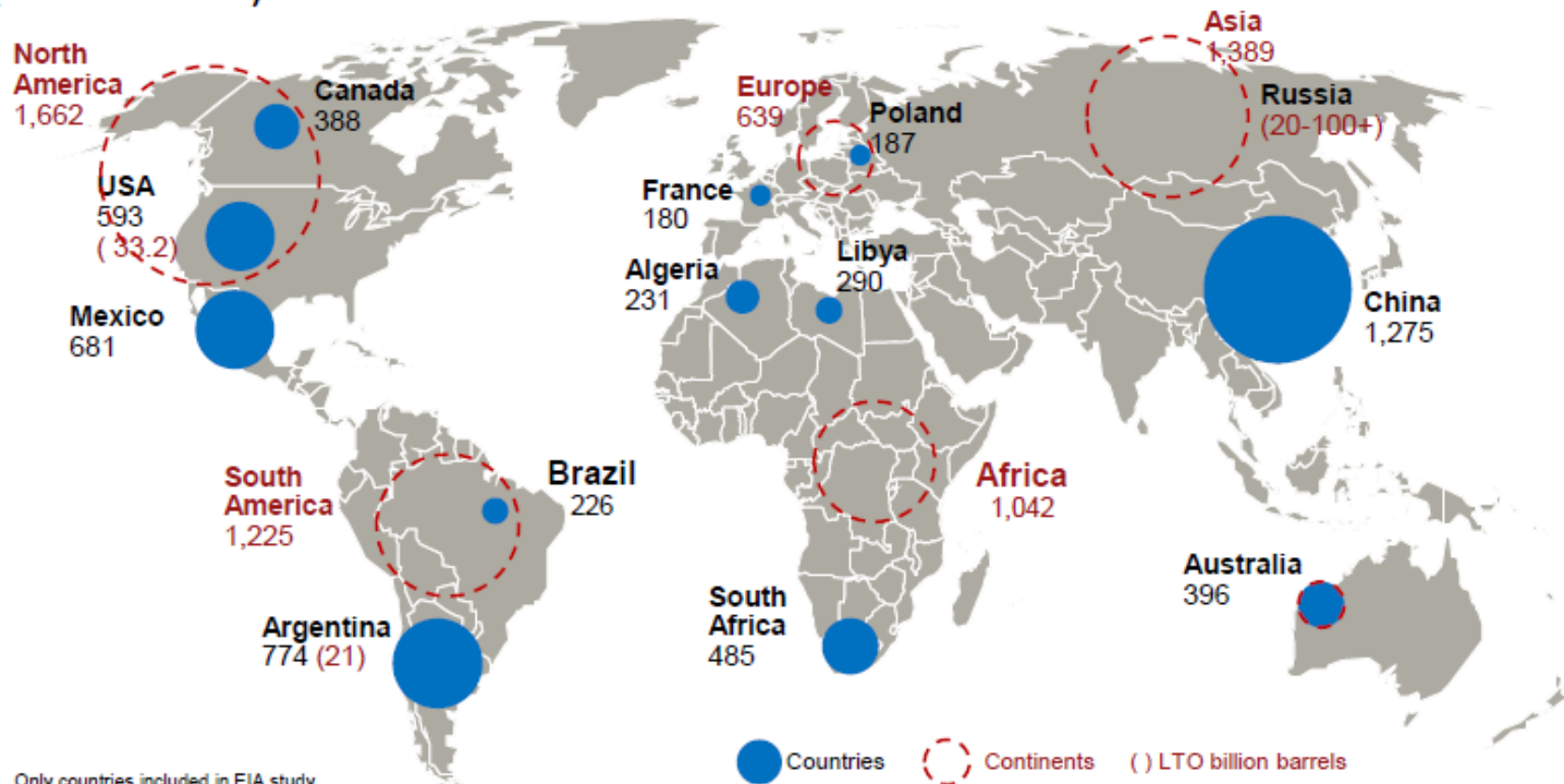
Kyoto Protocol

US Energy Information Agency reports that America's greenhouse gas emissions have **fallen 7 percent to 1992 levels**. US, a non participant in Kyoto Protocol Treaty, is the only nation to meet 1999 forecasted reduction

Resource potential in North America is massive – with the Rockies accounting for a significant fraction

Major global shale gas and LTO opportunities¹

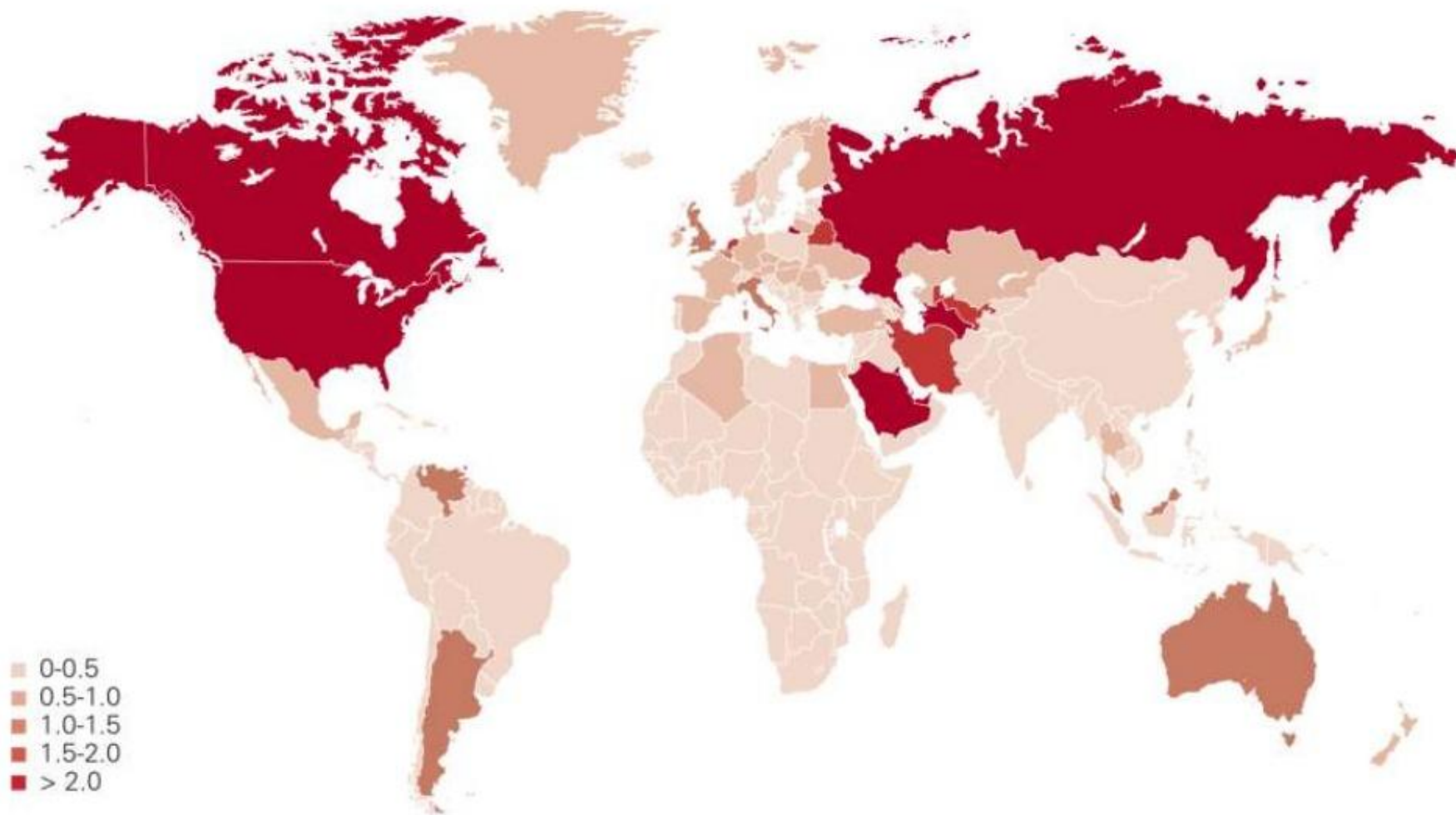
Technically recoverable shale gas (trillion cubic feet) and LTO (Billion barrels) resources



1. Only countries included in EIA study
 Source: EIA, Forbes, <http://www.shale-gas-tight-oil-argentina-ii.com/>

Gas consumption per capita 2012

Tonnes oil equivalent



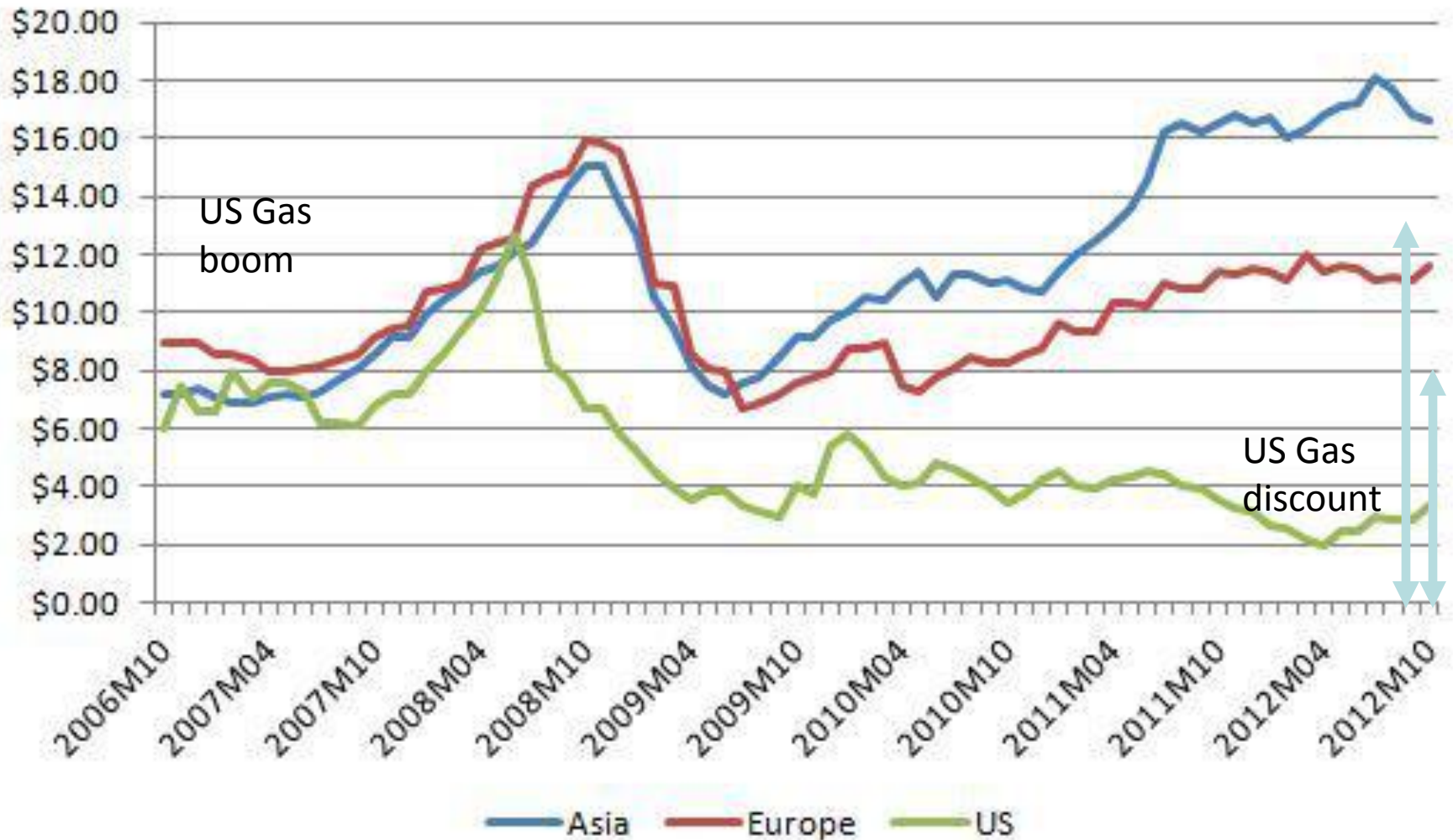
Source: Includes data from Cedigaz.

BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2013
© BP 2013

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2013

Gas Prices by Region

Natural Gas Price (\$/mmbtu)



Source: Chris Wright, Liberty Resources Tuesday Lunch Club Presentation, 3/5/13

World LNG Estimated November 2013 Landed Prices



Source: Waterborne Energy, Inc. Data in \$US/MMBtu

Updated October 7, 2013

2169

Industry Investing Over \$100B in Manufacturing Renaissance

- 123 projects... and more are being announced regularly
- 9 energy intensive sectors (chemicals, fertilizer, steel, aluminum, glass, gas-to-liquids, tires, machinery, plastics)
- **7-9 Bcf/d gas demand growth by 2020**
- 5 million manufacturing jobs (Boston Consulting Group)
- 16 different states

Conclusions

- Since 1949, **1,400,000 wells** have been hydraulically fractured in the US...No one has ever been able to demonstrate that it is harmful to human health
- Low natural gas prices will **significantly** advance the general public health and welfare
 - Conversion coal to gas, reduced air emissions
 - Energy security, job creation & lower energy costs for low income households

Conclusions

- The sustainability argument essentially implies keeping poor people poor.
- The breakthrough on hydraulic fracturing and horizontal drilling has created a super-abundant energy commodity (natural gas) that should improve the quality of life as it is disseminated throughout the world.
- The world should embrace this breakthrough and not attempt to vilify it.

Conclusions

- Inexpensive energy translates to:
 - Jobs
 - Affordable heat
 - Affordable light
 - Affordable food
- All of those conditions can significantly contribute to an environment conducive to a higher quality of life.

Contact Information

John A. Harpole

President

Mercator Energy LLC

26 W. Dry Creek Circle, Suite 410

Littleton, CO 80120

harp@mercatorenergy.com

(303) 825-1100 (work)

(303) 478-3233 (cell)



Citations for Report

All of the information utilized for this report is a compilation of information pulled from the following data sources:

Ponderosa Advisors LLC

Blue, Johnson Associates, Inc.

Chris Wright, Liberty Resources

Office of Fossil Energy

Office of Oil Gas Global Security Supply

U.S. Department of Energy

Raymond James and Associates, Inc.

Charif Souki, Cheniere Energy Inc.; Cheniere Research

U.S. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

Institute for Energy Research (IER)

Energy Information Administration (EIA)

Bernstein Research

Western Energy Alliance

Sutherland LNG Blog

Platts Gas Daily Report, A McGraw Hill Publication

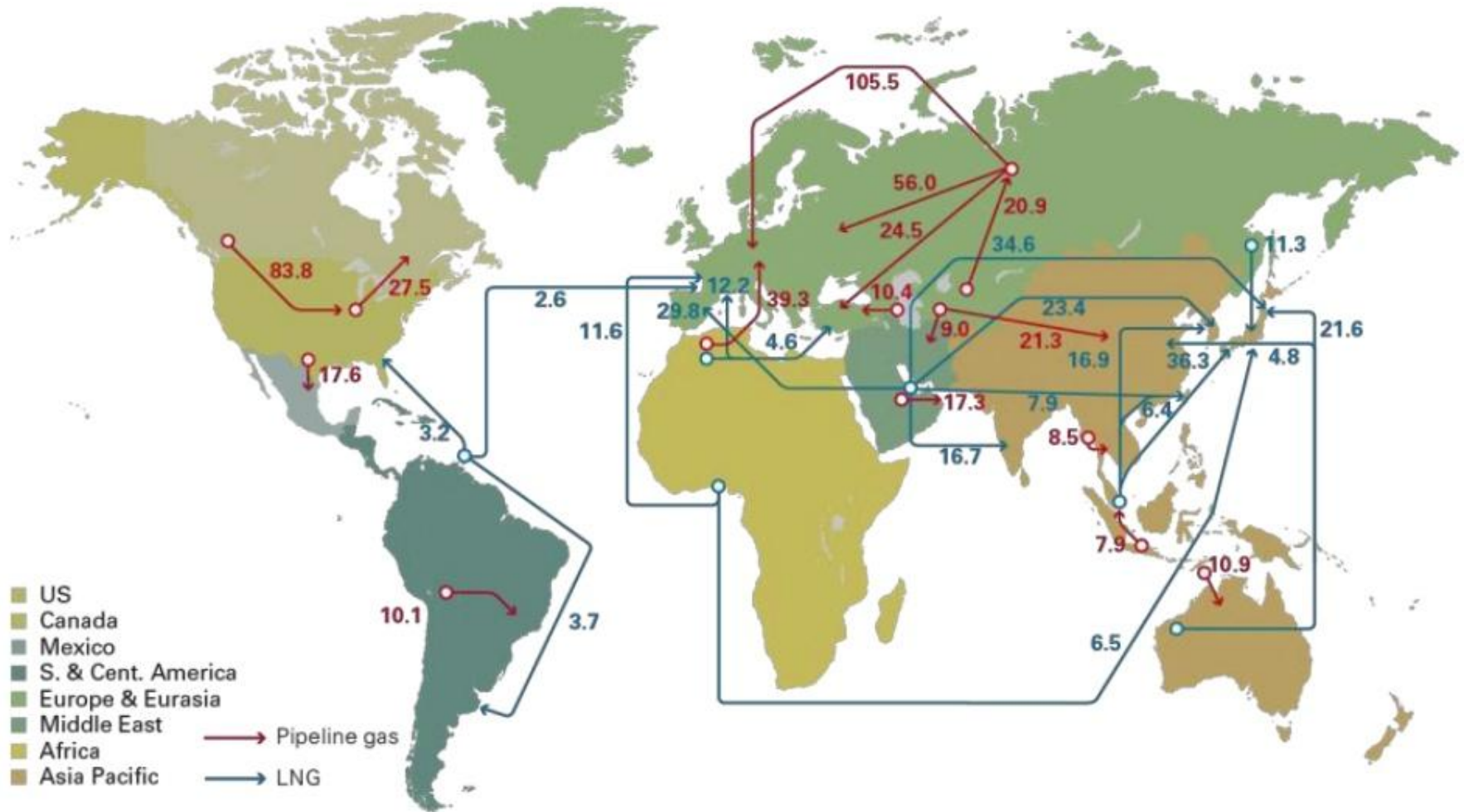
Colorado Oil and Gas Association

Fox News



Major gas trade movements 2012

Trade flows worldwide (billion cubic metres)



Source: Includes data from Cedigaz, CISStat, GIIGNL, IHS CERA, Poten, Waterborne.

BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2013

© BP 2013

Source: BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2013

Russia, Iran and Qatar Form Natural Gas Cartel

10/21/2008 in Tehran, Iran

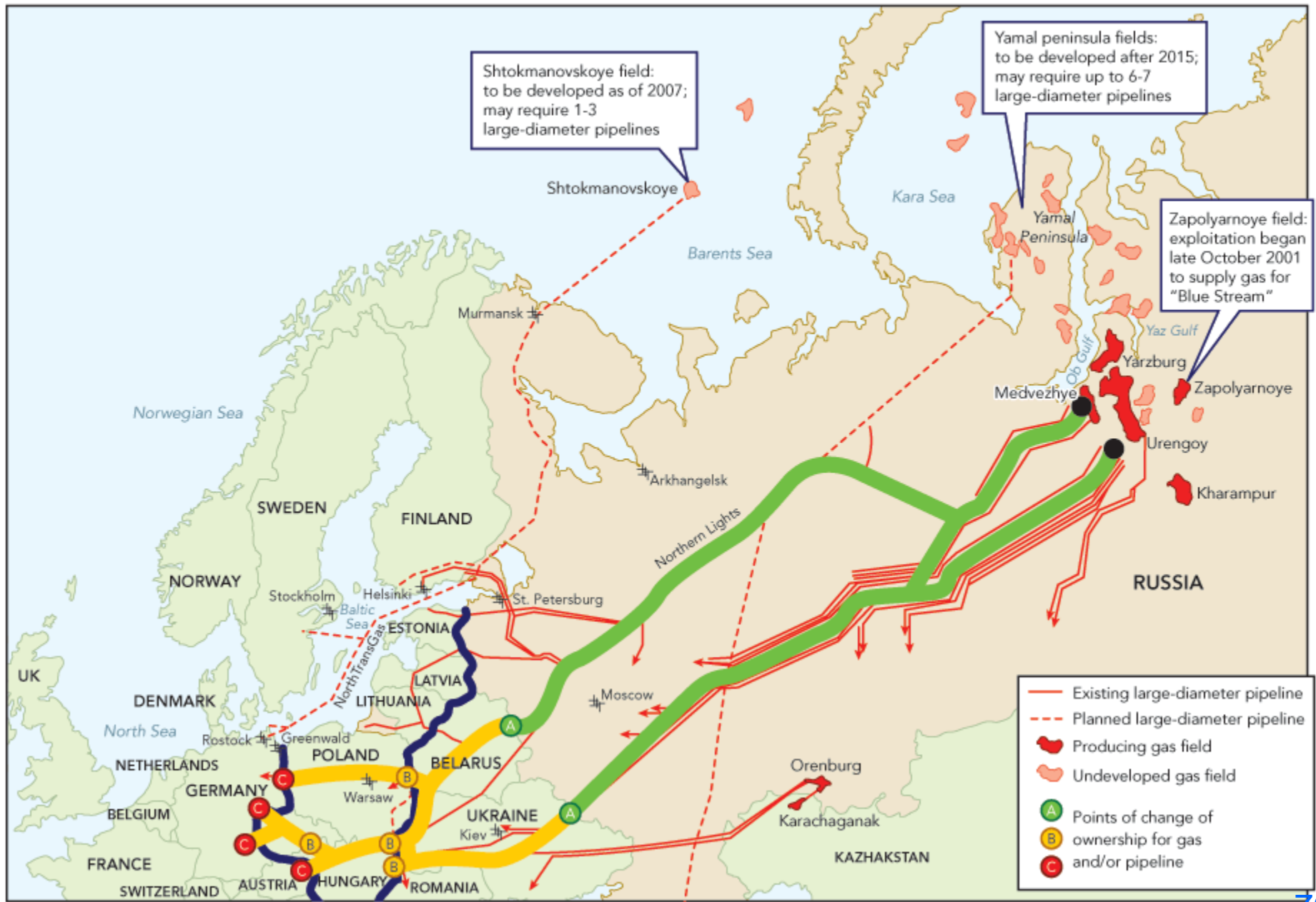


Qatar's Deputy Premier and
Minister of Energy and Industry,
Abdullah bin Hamad Al-Attiya

Iranian Oil Minister,
Gholam Hossein Nozari

Alexei Miller, Chief of
Russia's state gas
monopoly - Gazprom

Fig. 1: Russian gas export to Europe: On-border sales and transit arms (1)



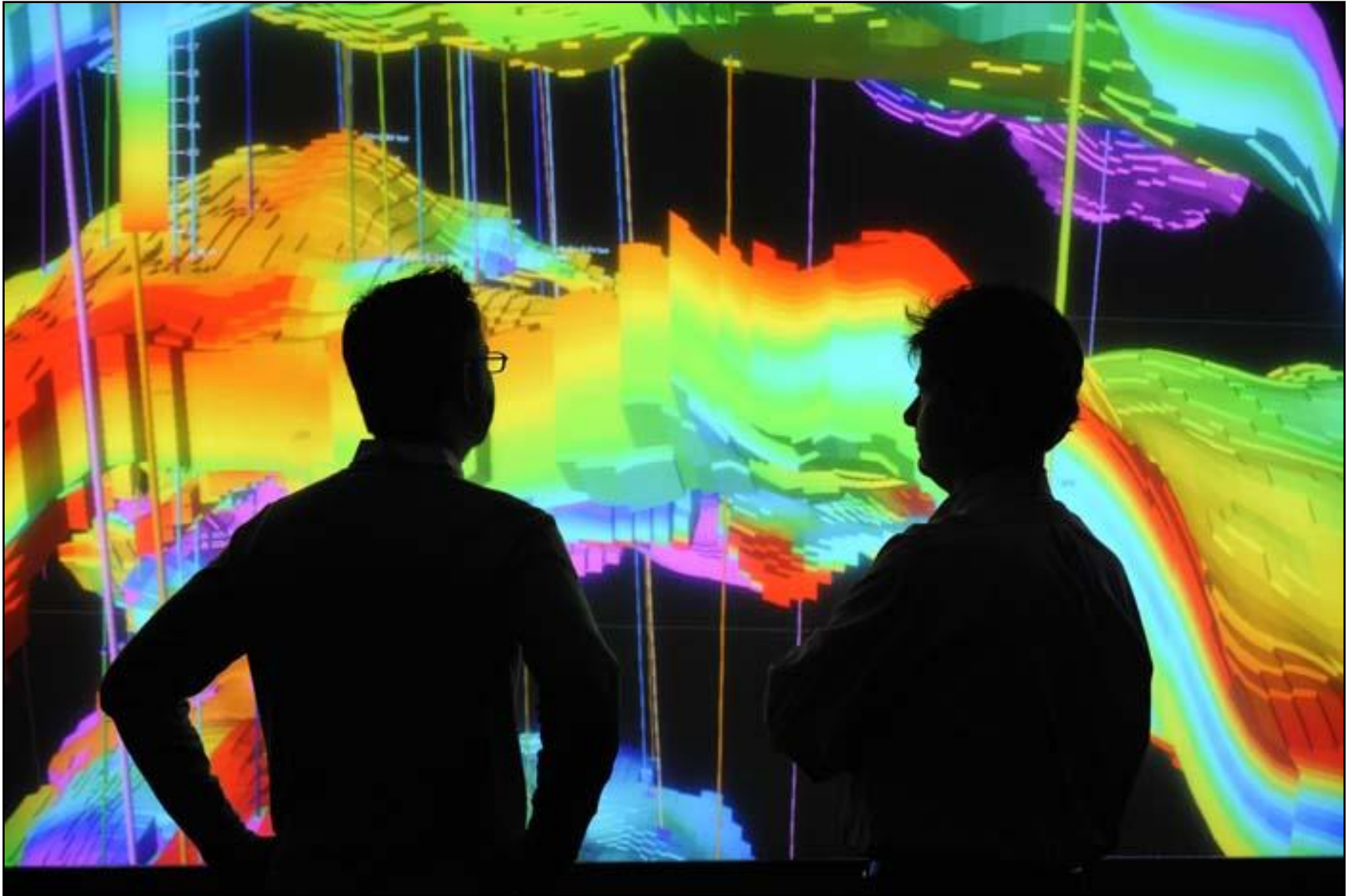


Noble in Israel and the Eastern Mediterranean

- ▶ Noa discovered 1999
- ▶ Mari-B discovered 2000
 - 28 BCM
 - Created Israel's natural gas industry
 - First gas sales 2004
- ▶ Tamar and Dalit discoveries in 2009
 - 280 BCM - 25 years supply
 - First gas sales in 2013
- ▶ Leviathan discovery in 2010
 - 535 BCM – export project
 - Potential to be online in 2016
- ▶ Cyprus A, Dolphin discoveries in 2011, Tanin in 2012



Noble Energy 3-D Visualization Center



Source: Noble Energy presentation, July 23, 2013

Tamar Platform
950ft, 290 m



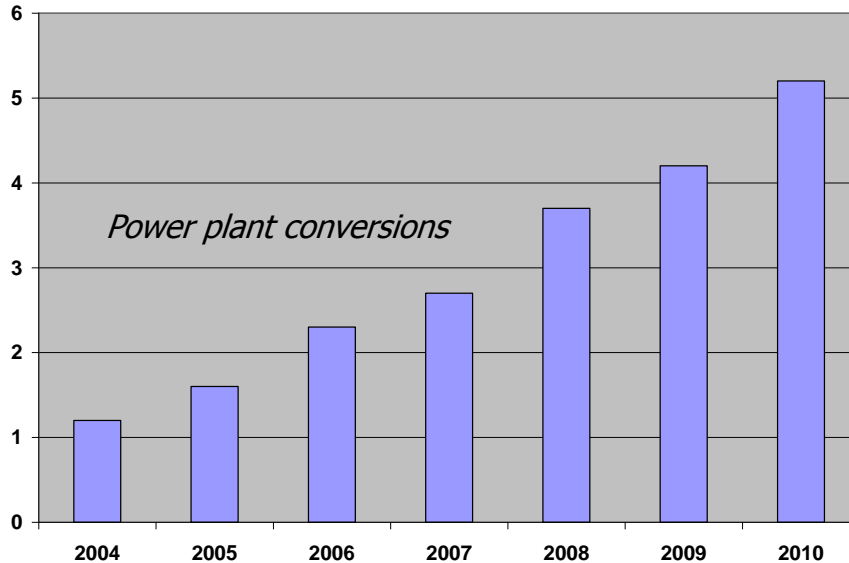
Moshe Aviv Tower
801ft, 244m



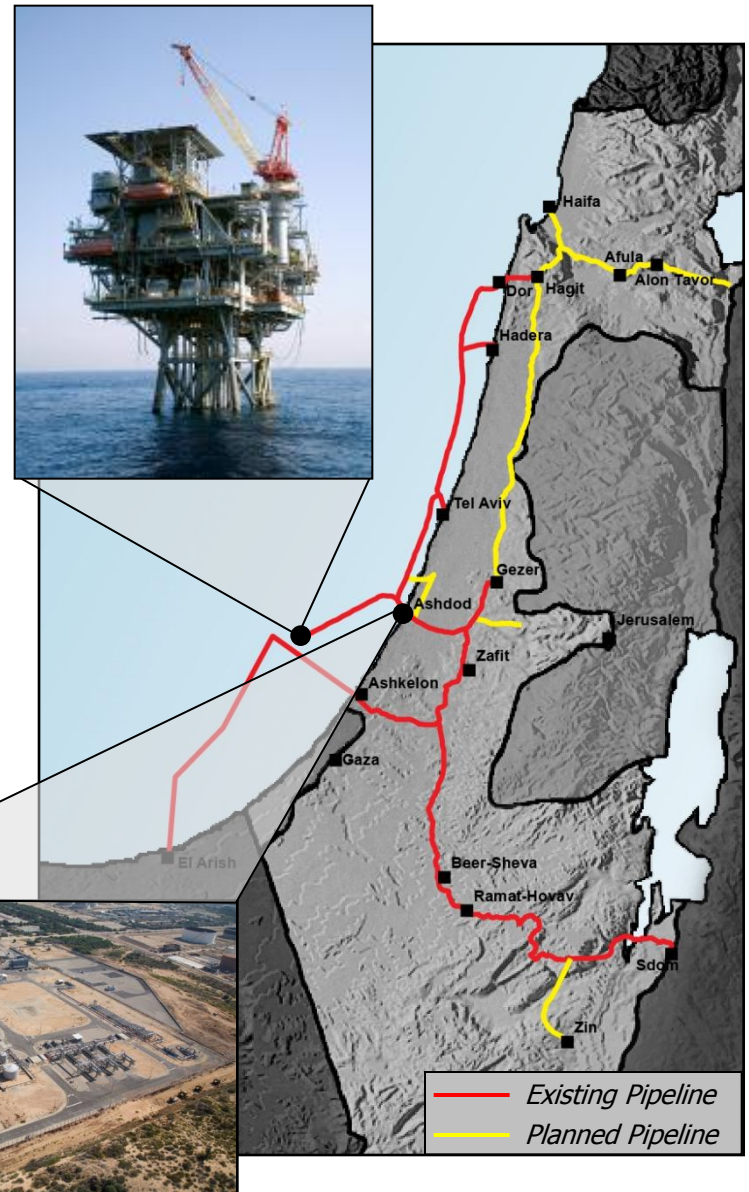
Source: Noble Energy presentation, July 23, 2013

Mari-B Field

IEC Natural Gas Consumption, BCMA

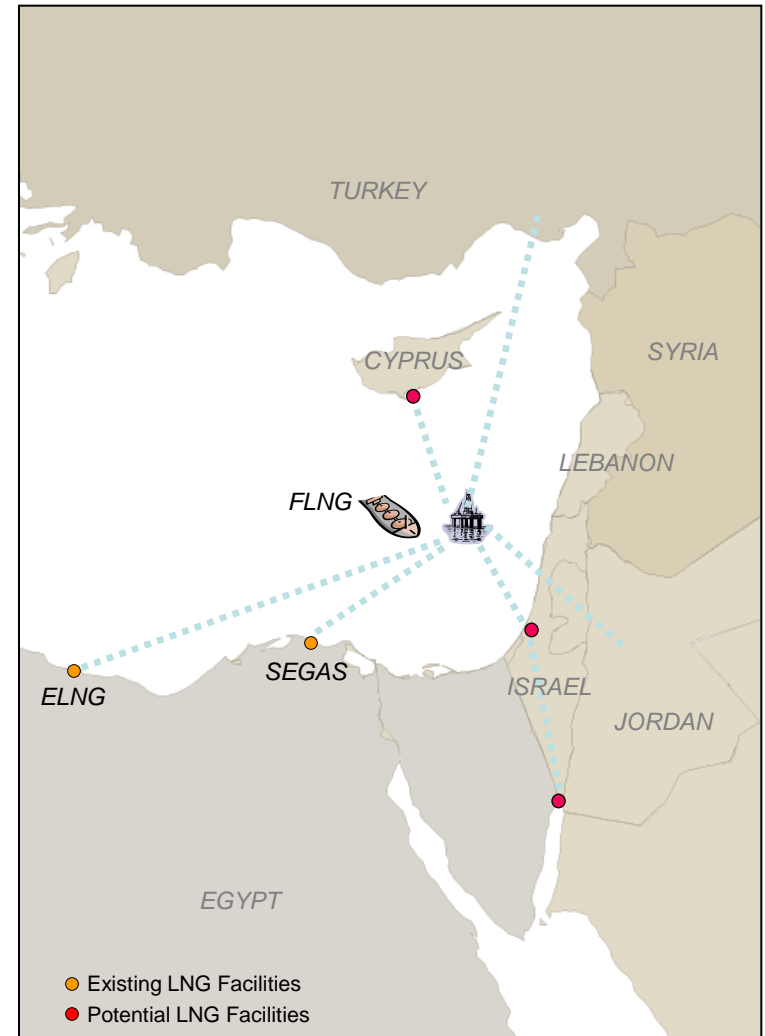


- ▶ Supplies fuel for one-third of Israel's electricity generation
 - Over NIS 26 Billion in total savings since 2004
 - Saved 17 million metric tons of CO2 emissions to date



Leviathan Export

- ▶ Drivers for natural gas exports
 - Accelerates Leviathan sanction
 - Encourages exploration
 - Value generation
- ▶ LNG options
 - Onshore Pre-FEED studies underway for multiple sites
 - FLNG nearing FEED stage
 - ▶ Pipeline options
 - Jordan
 - Turkey
 - Egypt



Benefits to State of Israel

- ▶ Over the next 30 years government revenues from Tamar and Leviathan exceed \$100 billion
- ▶ Price of domestically produced natural gas is 1/3 that of alternative fuels (HFO and Diesel, and imported LNG)
- ▶ One-year delay of Tamar cost IEC approximately 12 billion NIS
- ▶ Economic analysis indicates that adoption of the Zemach recommendations on Leviathan increases the net present value (NPV) of the government's interest ~\$10 billion
- ▶ Government can realize benefit ahead of actual gas sales based on project capital and timeline commitments

Game Changer for Israel and the Middle East Region

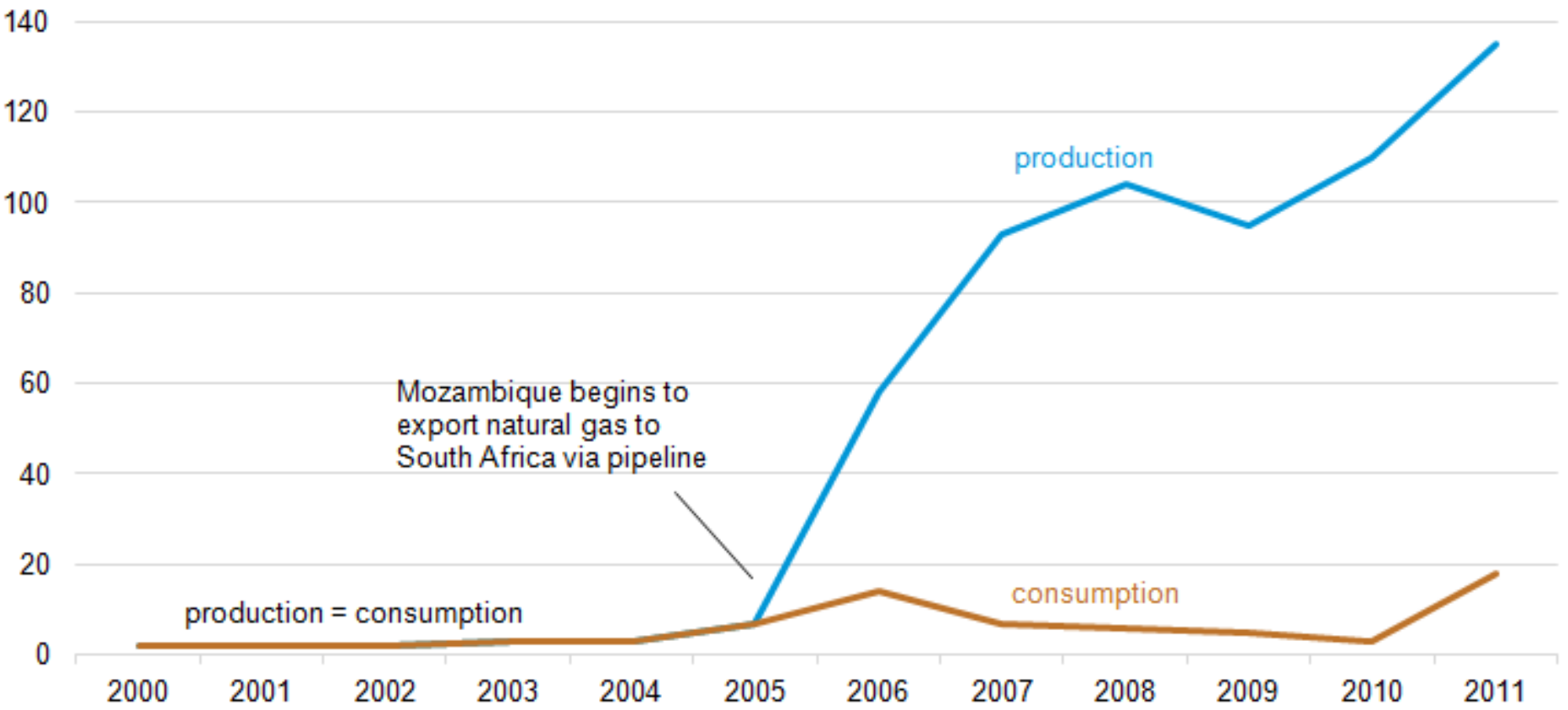
- Noble supplies 100% of Israel's gas requirements
- Noble has entered into gas sales agreements with the Palestinian Authority and a company in Jordan.
- Noble is looking at further exports to Egypt and Turkey and additional volumes to Jordan

Africa – The Dark Continent

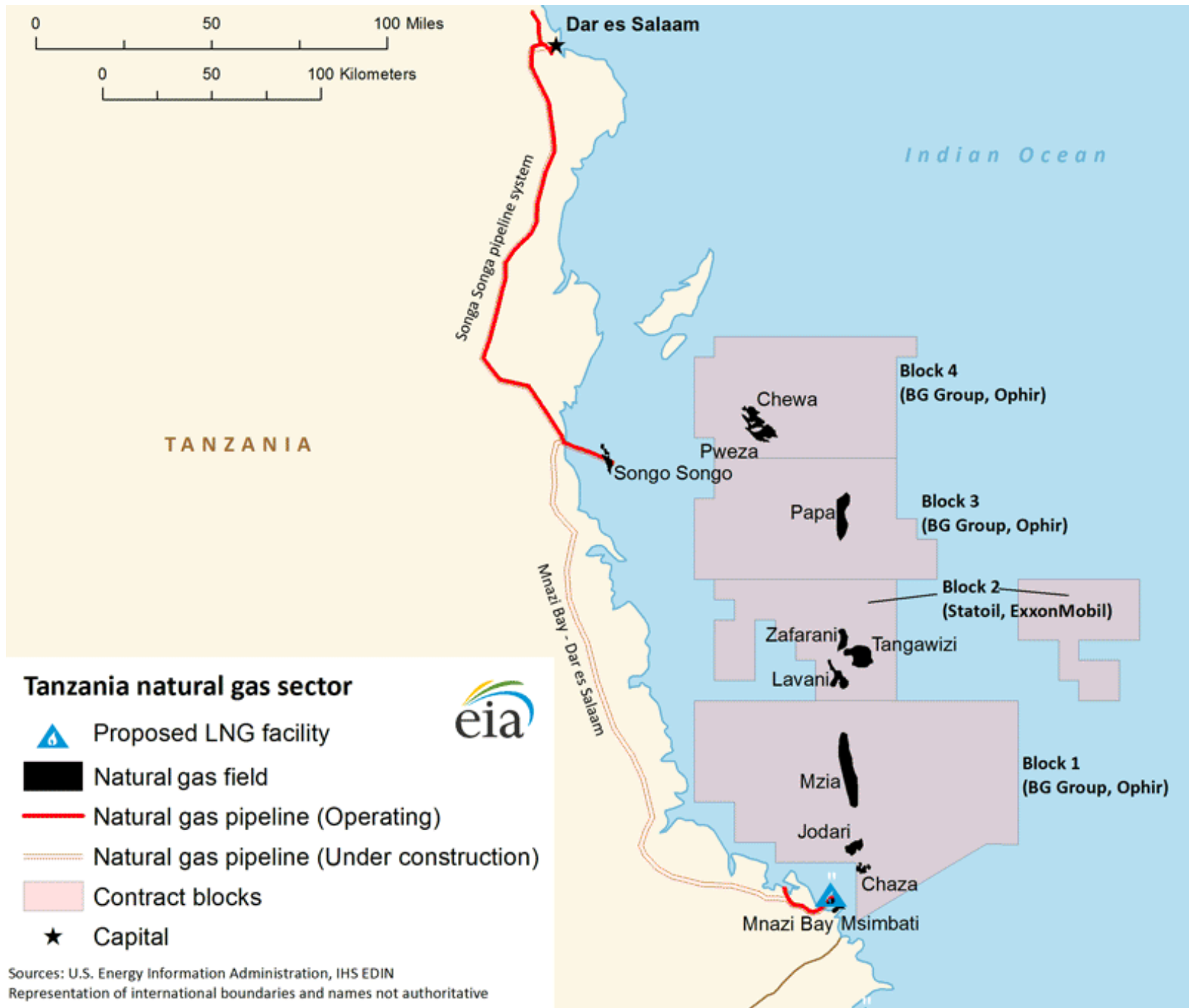


Mozambique natural gas production and consumption, 2000-2011

billion cubic feet

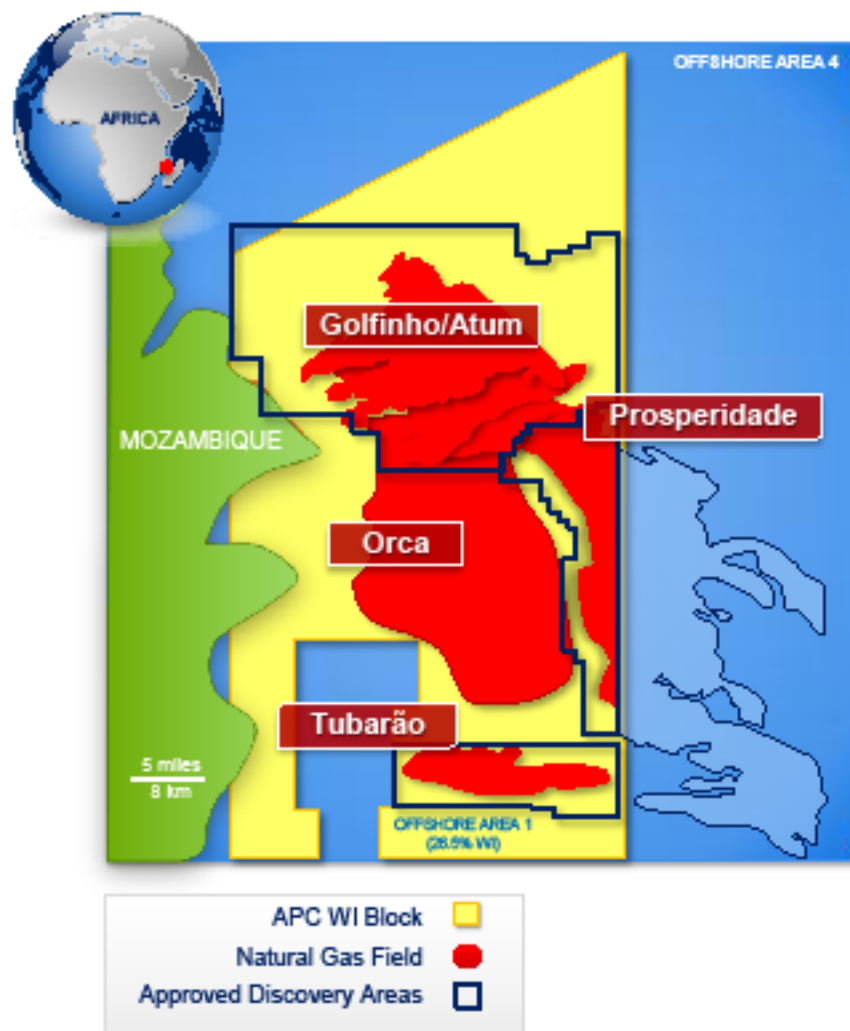


Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration



Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration, IHS EDIN
 Representation of international boundaries and names not authoritative

Mozambique: Premier Global LNG Supply



Massive Resource

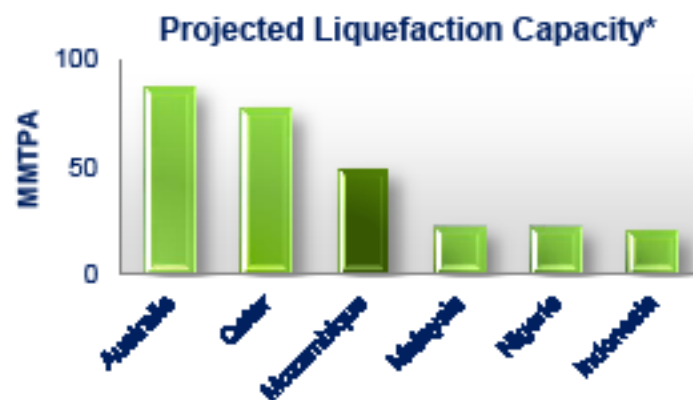
- 45 - 70+ Tcf Recoverable Natural Gas in Area 1
- Resource Size Supports 50 MMTPA

Extensive Appraisal Drilling

Obtained Reserves Certification

Global Endorsement

- \$9.6 Billion Pre-Transaction Market Valuation
- 3.3 MMTPA Non-Binding HOAs with Multiple Asian Customers



* Wood Mackenzie

Location & Cost Advantages Enhance Value

- **High-Quality Reservoirs**
 - High Deliverability
 - Established Reservoir Continuity
- **Proximity to Shore 5 - 25 Miles**
 - Initial Subsea-to-Shore Development
- **Natural Harbor**
- **Scalable Onshore Development**
 - 17,000+ Acre Site
 - Future Expansion Capability to 50 MMTPA
- **Proximity to Asian Markets**



Proponents of Fracking



“We produce more natural gas than ever before...and nearly everyone’s energy bill is lower because of it...[T]he natural gas boom has led to cleaner power and greater energy independence.”

- President Barack Obama

“We should strengthen our position as the top natural gas producer...[I]t not only can provide safe, cheap power, but it can also help reduce our carbon emissions.”

- President Barack Obama

“There’s nothing inherently dangerous in fracking that sound engineering practices can’t accomplish.”

- Gina McCarthy, Current EPA Administrator





“I’m not aware of any proven case where the fracking process itself has affected water.”

- Lisa Jackson, Former EPA Administrator

“I still have not seen any evidence of fracking per se contaminating groundwater.”

- Ernest Moniz, Secretary of Energy



“This [hydraulic fracturing] is something you can do in a safe way.”

- Steven Chu, Former Secretary of Energy



“Fracking has been done safely for decades.”

- Sally Jewell, Secretary of Interior



“I would say to everybody that hydraulic fracturing is safe...[it] is creating an energy revolution in the United States.”

- Ken Salazar, Former Secretary of Interior



“I know and you know that fracking is not a threat to our communities when it is done safely and responsibly.”

- Mark Udall, Senator of Colorado

“We believe oil and gas development can thrive while also meeting our high standards for protection of health, water and the environment.”

- John Hickenlooper, Governor of Colorado

